

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 SEPTEMBER 2011
INTO ENGLISH (ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)**

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 AND 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note references	Unaudited 30 September 2011	Audited 31 December 2010
ASSETS			
Current assets		404.298.767	347.621.622
Cash and cash equivalents	5	124.491.256	89.534.596
Financial assets	6	-	18.855.213
Trade receivables			
-Due from related parties	32	27.336.995	24.729.830
-Other trade receivables	9	193.727.698	161.774.534
Other receivables	10	7.220.142	1.841.576
Inventories	11	16.044.559	17.650.386
Other current assets	21	34.311.887	33.235.487
Subtotal		403.132.537	347.621.622
Assets held for sale	29	1.166.230	-
Non-current assets		1.278.069.859	1.231.304.652
Other receivables	10	869.360	790.356
Financial assets	6	4.734.784	4.846.530
Investments accounted for by the equity method	12	-	6.593.636
Investment property	13	24.025.603	24.477.879
Property, plant and equipment	14	435.423.662	458.941.953
Intangible assets	15	557.178.054	502.672.400
Goodwill	16	236.466.705	206.177.957
Deferred tax assets	30	13.442.036	10.966.263
Other non-current assets	21	5.929.655	15.837.678
Total assets		1.682.368.626	1.578.926.274

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 AND 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note references	Unaudited 30 September 2011	Audited 31 December 2010
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities		391.587.675	390.538.264
Financial liabilities	7	216.290.019	230.193.446
Other financial liabilities	8	66.968.107	57.082.687
Trade payables			
-Due to related parties	32	5.790.846	3.429.863
-Other trade payables	9	33.720.708	33.994.339
Other payables	10	18.582.108	18.336.488
Current income tax liabilities	30	621.866	12.630.692
Provisions	18	6.894.374	10.412.228
Other current liabilities	21	41.263.705	24.458.521
Subtotal		390.131.733	390.538.264
Liabilities related to assets held for sale	29	1.455.942	-
Non-current liabilities		546.200.907	415.354.903
Financial liabilities	7	384.232.700	276.186.985
Other payables	10	220.700	147.519
Provision for employment termination benefits	20	23.911.523	21.660.771
Deferred tax liabilities	30	128.431.330	117.314.791
Other non-current liabilities	21	9.404.654	44.837
EQUITY			
Total Equity		744.580.044	773.033.107
Equity attributable to equity holders of the company		652.040.328	684.850.101
Share capital	22	552.000.000	552.000.000
Inflation adjustment to share capital	22	77.198.813	77.198.813
Share premium		76.944	76.944
Translation reserve		50.859.966	(7.405.735)
Restricted reserves	22	34.266.877	33.347.505
Retained earnings		28.713.202	69.711.978
Net loss for the period		(91.075.474)	(40.079.404)
Non-controlling interests		92.539.716	88.183.006
Total liabilities and equity		1.682.368.626	1.578.926.274

These consolidated financial statement as at and for the period ended 30 September 2011 were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 November 2011.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note references	Unaudited 1 January- 30 September 2011	Unaudited 1 July- 30 September 2011	Unaudited 1 January- 30 September 2010	Unaudited 1 July- 30 September 2010
Sales	23	630.042.300	200.275.087	587.298.647	190.319.692
Cost of sales (-)	23	(400.311.869)	(133.462.567)	(351.710.170)	(117.728.118)
Gross profit		229.730.431	66.812.520	235.588.477	72.591.574
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses (-)	24	(90.978.766)	(30.262.351)	(79.664.378)	(19.047.268)
General administrative expenses (-)	24	(119.842.579)	(39.817.820)	(106.743.829)	(35.504.511)
Other operating income	26	9.841.794	1.852.087	11.075.135	3.420.433
Other operating expenses (-)	26	(39.736.739)	(9.303.421)	(20.184.626)	(3.090.164)
Operating (loss)/profit		(10.985.859)	(10.718.985)	40.070.779	18.370.064
Share of loss of investments accounted for by the equity method	12	(6.702.751)	(1.931.026)	(6.860.574)	(1.909.748)
Financial income	27	49.856.234	16.123.887	37.902.973	14.908.605
Financial expenses (-)	28	(135.110.598)	(77.374.366)	(37.487.314)	(6.558.286)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(102.942.974)	(73.900.490)	33.625.864	24.810.635
Taxation					
Current tax for the period	30	(4.054.626)	3.919.151	(23.822.073)	(10.408.827)
Deferred tax income	30	5.968.119	108.732	7.883.792	4.151.241
Net (loss)/ profit for period		(101.029.481)	(69.872.607)	17.687.583	18.553.049
<u>Other comprehensive income/(expense):</u>					
Change in translation reserves		76.322.114	4.379.462	(26.297.636)	(29.876.733)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) after tax		76.322.114	4.379.462	(26.297.636)	(29.876.733)
Total comprehensive expense		(24.707.367)	(65.493.145)	(8.610.053)	(11.323.684)
Net (loss)/profit for the period		(101.029.481)	(69.872.607)	17.687.583	18.553.049
Allocation of net (loss)/profit for the period					
Attributable to non-controlling interests		(9.954.007)	(7.354.373)	(3.396.553)	1.387.707
Attributable to equity holders of the company		(91.075.474)	(62.518.234)	21.084.136	17.165.342
Allocation of total comprehensive income/(expense)					
Attributable to non-controlling interests		8.102.406	(5.442.418)	(11.533.925)	(4.503.195)
Attributable to equity holders of the company		(32.809.773)	(60.050.727)	2.923.872	(6.820.489)
(Loss)/earning per share (TL)	31	(0,1650)	(0,1133)	3,82	3,11

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated).

	Note References	Share Capital	Inflation adjustment to share capital	Share premiums	Translation reserves	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings	Net loss for the period	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balances at 1 January 2010	22	552.000.000	77.198.813	76.944	(15.107.992)	29.503.316	189.305.041	(35.079.806)	119.749.857	917.646.173
Transfers		-	-	-	-	3.844.189	(38.923.995)	35.079.806	-	-
Parent company's dividend payment		-	-	-	-	-	(55.200.000)	-	-	(55.200.000)
Subsidiaries' dividend payments to non-group companies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.713.904)	(2.713.904)
Adjustment effect of non-controlling shares put options (Note 19)		-	-	-	-	-	(22.989.789)	-	(13.273.956)	(36.263.745)
Other (1)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income / (expense)		-	-	-	(18.160.264)	-	-	21.084.136	(11.533.925)	(8.610.053)
<i>Change in translation reserves</i>		-	-	-	(18.160.264)	-	-	-	(8.137.372)	(26.297.636)
<i>Net loss for the period</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	21.084.136	(3.396.553)	17.687.583
Balances at 30 September 2010	22	552.000.000	77.198.813	76.944	(33.268.256)	33.347.505	72.191.257	21.084.136	92.228.072	814.858.471
Balances at 1 January 2011	22	552.000.000	77.198.813	76.944	(7.405.735)	33.347.505	69.711.978	(40.079.404)	88.183.006	773.033.107
Transfers		-	-	-	-	919.372	(40.998.776)	40.079.404	-	-
Capital increase of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	533.333	533.333
Subsidiaries' dividend payments to non-group companies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.755.420)	(2.755.420)
Other (1)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.523.609)	(1.523.609)
Total comprehensive income / (expense)		-	-	-	58.265.701	-	-	(91.075.474)	8.102.406	(24.707.367)
<i>Change in translation reserves</i>		-	-	-	58.265.701	-	-	-	18.056.413	76.322.114
<i>Net loss for the period</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	(91.075.474)	(9.954.007)	(101.029.481)
Balances at 30 September 2011	22	552.000.000	77.198.813	76.944	50.859.966	34.266.877	28.713.202	(91.075.474)	92.539.716	744.580.044

(1) Represents fair value changes of put option liabilities and acquisition and disposal of shares from non-controlling shareholders.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note References	Unaudited 1 January- 30 September 2011	Unaudited 1 January- 30 September 2010
Loss for the period		(101.029.481)	17.687.583
Adjustments:			
Depreciation	13, 14	41.094.553	43.185.922
Amortization	15	23.383.212	20.319.039
Net loss on disposal of tangible and intangible assets and investment property	26	2.224.835	2.945.228
Tax expense	30	(1.913.493)	15.938.281
Provision for employment termination benefits and unused vacation rights	20, 21	12.107.197	6.005.414
Income accruals	21	(466.590)	(457.575)
Interest income	27	(12.274.942)	(13.620.283)
Interest expenses	28	17.969.887	13.376.456
Unrealized foreign exchange losses from bank borrowings		73.524.805	(5.906.919)
Provision/(reversal) of the impairment of investment properties	13	186.321	(2.615.899)
Deferred income		(21.074)	1.241.464
Tax penalties (reversal)/provision expense	26	(3.467.127)	(4.197.180)
6111 tax base increase expenses	26, 28	19.396.232	-
Competition authority penalty expenses	18	2.853.530	-
Loss from investments accounted for by the equity method	12	6.702.751	7.024.958
Provision for doubtful receivables	9, 21	4.452.375	4.470.859
Change in other provisions		1.438.127	415.761
Reversals of provisions		(1.988.249)	(5.293.206)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		84.172.869	100.519.903
Changes in operating assets and liabilities-net	35	(13.869.248)	(22.231.233)
Taxes paid		(8.286.173)	(15.182.973)
Expenses paid to the tax penalty and tax base increase due to The Law of 6111		(8.425.931)	(24.285.726)
Doubtful receivables collected	9	1.988.249	1.548.864
Employment termination benefits paid	20, 21	(7.819.216)	(2.609.759)
Net cash provided by operating activities of assets held for sale		(8.088)	-
Net cash provided by operating activities		47.752.462	37.759.076
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	14	(9.555.090)	(11.422.329)
Purchases of intangible assets	15	(7.144.543)	(8.057.298)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties		6.907.207	10.191.500
Interests received		12.152.537	14.088.364
Change in securities		18.855.213	985.369
Share capital increase financial investments	6	(139.486)	(7.584.060)
Cash flow of non-current assets held for sale used in investing activities		8.090	-
Net cash used in investing activities		21.083.928	(1.798.454)
Cash used in financing activities:			
Changes in financial receivables from related parties		(6.678.626)	-
Capital increase in non-controlling interests		533.333	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(2.755.420)	(2.713.904)
Bank borrowings received		273.892.030	110.808.832
Bank borrowings paid		(260.069.764)	(232.256.654)
Change in financial liabilities to suppliers		(19.734.289)	(19.775.832)
Dividends paid		-	(52.714.182)
Interests paid		(15.621.707)	(20.192.071)
Net cash used in financing activities		(30.434.443)	(216.843.811)
Exchange losses/gains on cash and cash equivalents		(3.250.973)	614.972
Change in cash and cash equivalents		35.150.974	(180.268.217)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	5	88.918.222	276.974.548
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5	124.069.196	96.706.331

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Hürriyet Gazetecilik ve Matbaacılık A.Ş. ("Hürriyet" or the "Company") was established in 1960 and is registered in Turkey. The Company which undertakes journalism, printing and advertising activities operates six printing plants in Turkey with locations in Istanbul, Ankara, Izmir, Adana, Antalya, Trabzon and in Germany. The Company acquired 67,30% shares of Trader Media East Ltd. ("TME") through its Subsidiary Hurriyet Invest B.V. located in the Netherlands on 29 March 2007. TME undertakes classified advertising mainly for real estate, automotive and human resources businesses through daily and weekly newspapers, periodicals, magazines and internet services, primarily in Russia and various Eastern European ("EE") countries. The Company is a member of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan Holding") through the investment of Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan Yayın"), which has a majority ownership in the Company (Note 22).

The address of the registered office is as follows:

Hürriyet Medya Towers
34212 Güneşli, İstanbul
Turkey

The Company is registered to the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted on the Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE") since 1992. In accordance with the resolution numbered 21/655 on 23 July 2010 of CMB; according to the records of Central Registry Agency (CRA); shares representing 21,15% (December 31, 2010: 21,11%) of Hürriyet are accepted as "in circulation".

25,02% capital of the TME, subsidiary of Company, is circulated on London Stock Exchange as Global Depositary Receipts ("GDR").

Subsidiaries

The name of the Company's subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries"), the nature of the business and geographic segments are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Registered country	Geographic segment	Nature of business
Hürriyet Medya Basım Hizmetleri ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Hürriyet Medya Basım")	Turkey	Turkey	Printing and administrative services
Doğan Ofset Yayıncılık ve Matbaacılık A.Ş. ("Doğan Ofset")	Turkey	Turkey	Magazine and book publishing
Yenibiriş İnsan Kaynakları Hizmetleri Danışmanlık ve Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Yenibir")	Turkey	Turkey	Internet publishing
Refeks Dağıtım ve Kurye Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Refeks") in liquidation	Turkey	Turkey	Distribution and courier services
Doğan Haber Ajansı A.Ş. ("Doğan Haber")	Turkey	Turkey	News agency
E Tüketici İnternet ve Danışmanlık Hizmetleri Elektronik Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("E Tüketici")	Turkey	Turkey	Internet publishing
Nartek Bilişim Pazarlama Hizmetleri Ticaret A.Ş. ("Nartek")	Turkey	Turkey	Internet publishing
TME Teknoloji Proje Geliştirme ve Yazılım A.Ş. ("TME Teknoloji")	Turkey	Turkey	Software development
Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung GmbH. ("Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung")	Germany	Europe	Newspaper publishing
TME	Jersey	Europe	Investment
Publishing House Pennsylvania Inc	USA	Russia and EE	Investment
Pronto Soft	Belarus	Russia and EE	Internet publishing
OOO SP Belpronto	Belarus	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
Bolji Posao d.o.o. Bosnia	Bosnia-Herzegovina	Europe	Internet publishing
Oglasnik d.o.o.	Croatia	Europe	Newspaper and internet publishing
TCM Adria d.o.o.	Croatia	Europe	Investment
Internet Posao d.o.o.	Croatia	Europe	Internet publishing
Hürriyet Invest B.V. ("Hürriyet Invest")	Holland	Europe	Investment
Pronto Invest B.V.	Holland	Europe	Investment
Mirabridge International B.V.	Holland	Europe	Investment
TOO Pronto Akmola	Kazakhstan	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Aktau	Kazakhstan	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Subsidiaries (Continued)

Subsidiaries	Registered country	Geographic segment	Nature of business
OOO Pronto Aktobe	Kazakhstan	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Atyrau	Kazakhstan	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
Pronto Ust Kamenogorsk	Kazakhstan	Russia and EE	Newspaper publishing
ZAO Pronto Akzhol	Kazakhstan	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
Expressz Magyarorszag Media Zrt.	Hungary	Europe	Newspaper and internet publishing
Impress Media Marketing LLC	Russia	Russia and EE	Publishing
OOO Delta-M	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Novoprint	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Partner-Soft	Russia	Russia and EE	Internet publishing
OOO Pronto Astrakhan	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Baikal	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto DV	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Ivanovo	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Kaliningrad	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Kazan	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Kemerovo	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Krasnodar	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Krasnojarsk	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Moscow	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Neva	Russia	Russia and EE	Internet publishing
OOO Pronto Nizhnij Novgorod	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Novosibirsk	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Obninsk	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Oka	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Peterburg	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Rostov	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Samara	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Smolensk	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Stavropol	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Tula	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto TV	Russia	Russia and EE	Broadcasting
OOO Pronto UlanUde	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Vladivostok	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Volgograd	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Pronto Voronezh	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Rektcentr	Russia	Russia and EE	Investment
OOO Rosprint	Russia	Russia and EE	Printing services
OOO Rosprint Samara	Russia	Russia and EE	Printing services
OOO Tambov-Info	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Tambukan	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Utro Peterburga	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
OOO Rukom	Russia	Russia and EE	Internet publishing
OOO Pronto Kurgan	Russia	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing
ZAO NPK	Russia	Russia and EE	Call center
Bolji Posao d.o.o. Serbia	Serbia	Europe	Internet publishing
Moje Delo spletni marketing d.o.o	Slovenia	Europe	Internet publishing
TOV E-Prostir	Ukraine	Russia and EE	Internet publishing
SP Pronto Kiev	Ukraine	Russia and EE	Newspaper and internet publishing

Joint Ventures

Joint Ventures of the Company, registered countries, nature of businesses, geographic segments are as follows:

Joint Venture	Registered country	Geographic segment	Nature of business
Tipeez İnternet Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Tipeez")	Turkey	Turkey	Internet publishing
OOO Autoscout24	Russia	Russia and EE	Internet publishing
ASPM Holding B.V.	Holland	Europe	Investment

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011**

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of presentation

2.1.1 Financial reporting standards

The Capital Markets Board of Turkey ("CMB") regulated the principles and procedures of preparation, presentation and announcement of financial statements prepared by the entities with the Communiqué No: XI-29, "Principles of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué"). This Communiqué is effective for the annual periods starting from 1 January 2008 and supersedes the Communiqué No: XI-25 "The Financial Reporting Standards in the Capital Markets". According to the Communiqué, entities shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IAS/IFRS") endorsed by the European Union. Until the differences of the IAS/IFRS as endorsed by the European Union from the ones issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") are announced by Turkish Accounting Standards Board ("TASB"), IAS/IFRS issued by the IASB shall be applied. Accordingly, Turkish Accounting Standards/ Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TAS/TFRS") issued by the TASB which are in line with the aforementioned standards shall be considered.

With the decision taken on 17 December 2005, the CMB has announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Accounting Standards. Accordingly, IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by IASB is not applied in accompanying consolidated financial statements for the accounting periods starting 1 January 2005.

Within the scope of CMB's Communiqué Serial XI, No: 29 and its announcements clarifying this communiqué the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the CMB's Financial Reporting Standards which are based on IAS/IFRS, as the differences of IAS/IFRS, adopted by the European Union, from those published by IASB have not yet been announced by Turkish Accounting Standards Board as of the date of these financial statements. The Company maintains its books of account and prepares their statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (the "TCC"), tax legislation, and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. Foreign subsidiaries prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations in force in the countries in which they are registered.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with historical cost basis in order to make the presentation CMB Financial Reporting Standards with appropriate adjustments and reclassifications.

2.1.2 Financial statements of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures operating in foreign countries

The financial statements of Subsidiaries, Associates and joint ventures operating in foreign countries are prepared according to the regulations of the countries where they operate and the necessary adjustments and reclassifications have been reflected in order to comply with basis of presentation that are explained in Note 2.1.1. The assets and liabilities of foreign Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are translated into TL using the relevant foreign exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. The results of the foreign Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are translated into TL using average exchange rate for the period. Exchange differences arising on translation of the opening net assets of foreign Subsidiaries and Associates and arising from using closing and average exchange rates are included in the equity as currency translation differences. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the statement of income as part of the gain or loss on sale. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011**

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company, Hürriyet, its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, and its Associates (collectively referred as the "Group") on the basis set out in sections (a) to (d) below. The financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation are based on historical cost of the statutory records and for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2.1.1 and application of uniform accounting policies and presentations; adjustments and reclassifications.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Company had directly disposed of the relevant assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable IFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are companies in which the Company has power to control the financial and operating policies for the benefit of the Company either (a) through the power to exercise more than 50% voting rights relating to shares in the companies as a result of shares owned directly and indirectly by itself and/or by companies whereby the Company exercises control over the voting rights of (but does not have the economic benefit of) the shares held by them; or (b) although not having the power to exercise more than 50% of the voting rights, through the exercise of actual dominant influence over the financial and operating policies. Following the transfer of ownership to the Group, subsidiaries are consolidated on the basis of full consolidation. The result of operations of subsidiaries are included or excluded in these consolidated financial statements subsequent to the date of acquisition or the date of disposal respectively.

All business combinations have been accounted for by applying the purchase method by the Group. The cost of a business combination transferred is measured at fair value; and the amount transferred includes, the fair value at the date of exchange of monetary assets given, capital instruments written-down, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred or assumed by the acquirer in exchange for control of the acquire and costs directly attributable to the combination. Costs of purchase are recognized as expense at the time it is incurred. Liabilities incurred of identifiable assets purchased are recognized at fair value at the acquisition date.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

The Subsidiaries and their effective ownership interests at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting power held by Hürriyet and its Subsidiaries (%)		Effective ownership interests (%)	
	30 September 2011	31 December 2010	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Hürriyet Medya Basım	99,99	99,99	99,99	99,99
Doğan Ofset	99,93	99,89	99,93	99,89
Yenibir	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Refeks	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Doğan Haber	50,01	50,01	50,01	50,01
Nartek	59,99	59,99	59,99	59,99
E-Tüketici	98,41	98,41	98,41	98,41
Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Hürriyet Invest	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
TME Teknoloji	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
TME ⁽¹⁾	71,14	71,14	71,14	71,14
Oglasnik d.o.o. ⁽¹⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
TCM Adria d.o.o.	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
Internet Posao d.o.o.	100,00	100,00	49,80	49,80
Expressz Magyarorszag Media Zrt.	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
Mirabridge International B.V.	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
Pronto Invest B.V.	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
ZAO Pronto Akzhol	80,00	80,00	56,91	56,91
TOO Pronto Akmola	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Atyrau	100,00	100,00	56,91	56,91
OOO Pronto Aktobe	80,00	80,00	45,53	45,53
OOO Pronto Aktau	100,00	100,00	56,91	56,91
OOO Pronto Rostov	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Kurgan ⁽²⁾	-	85,00	-	60,47
OOO Novoprint	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
ZAO NPK	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Delta-M	55,00	55,00	39,13	39,13
OOO Pronto Baikal	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto DV	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Ivanovo	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Kaliningrad	95,00	95,00	67,58	67,58
OOO Pronto Kazan	72,00	72,00	51,22	51,22
OOO Pronto Krasnodar	80,00	80,00	56,91	56,91
OOO Pronto Krasnoyarsk ⁽⁷⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Nizhny Novgorod	90,00	90,00	64,03	64,03
OOO Pronto Novosibirsk	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Oka ⁽⁴⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Peterburg ⁽³⁾	51,00	51,00	36,28	36,28
OOO Pronto Samara ⁽⁵⁾	100,00	89,90	71,14	63,95
OOO Pronto Stavropol ⁽⁸⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto UlanUde	90,00	90,00	64,03	64,03
OOO Pronto Vladivostok	90,00	90,00	64,03	64,03
OOO Pronto Volgograd ⁽⁹⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Moscow	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

	Proportion of voting power held by Hürriyet and its Subsidiaries (%)		Effective ownership interests (%)	
	30 September 2011	31 December 2010	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
OOO Rosprint	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Rosprint Samara	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Tambukan	85,00	85,00	60,47	60,47
OOO Utro Peterburga ⁽⁴⁾	55,00	55,00	39,13	39,13
OOO Partner-Soft	90,00	100,00	64,03	71,14
Pronto Soft	90,00	90,00	64,03	64,03
OOO Pronto Astrakhan	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Kemerovo	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Smolensk	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Tula	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto TV ⁽⁶⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Voronezh	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO SP Belpronto	60,00	60,00	42,68	42,68
OOO Tambov-Info	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
Impress Media Marketing LLC ⁽¹⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Obninsk	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Rektcentr	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Pronto Neva	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
SP Pronto Kiev	50,00	50,00	35,57	35,57
TOV E-Prostir	50,00	50,00	35,57	35,57
Publishing House Pennsylvania Inc	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
OOO Rukom	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
Moje Delo, spletni marketing, d.o.o ⁽¹⁾	100,00	100,00	71,14	71,14
Bolji Posao d.o.o. Serbia	100,00	100,00	39,13	39,13
Bolji Posao d.o.o. Bosnia	100,00	100,00	39,13	39,13
Pronto Ust Kamenogorsk	100,00	100,00	56,91	56,91

(1) Related rates include put-options regarding non-controlling shares explained in Note 19.

(2) Related subsidiary's shares have been sold in 2011.

(3) Related subsidiary is classified as asset held for sale as mentioned in Note 29.

(4) Related subsidiary has ceased its operations before the year 2010.

(5) Related subsidiary has bought %10,1 of its own share from non-controlling shares in 2011.

(6) Related subsidiary has merged with Pronto Moscow in 2011.

(7) Related subsidiary has been in the liquidation process.

(8) Related subsidiary has been in the merger process with Pronto Rostow.

(9) Related subsidiary's operations have ceased in 2011.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (Continued)

(b) *Joint ventures*

Joint ventures are companies in respect of which there are contractual arrangements through which an economic activity is undertaken subject to joint control by Hürriyet and its subsidiaries and one or more other parties. Proportionate consolidation is used for joint ventures; in other words, consolidation has been performed by including the parent company's asset, liability, income and expense share on the joint venture. Shares and efficiency ratios of Hürriyet and its subsidiaries as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011 Direct and indirect share of Hürriyet and its Subsidiaries (%)	31 December 2010 Direct and indirect share of Hürriyet and its Subsidiaries (%)
Joint Ventures		
Tipeez İnternet Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Tipeez")	29,99	29,99
OOO Autoscout24	36,28	36,28
ASPM Holding B.V.	36,28	36,28

(c) *Investments in associates*

Investments in associates are consolidated by using the equity method of accounting. These are undertakings over which the Group has significant influence, but no controlling power. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Net increases or decreases in the net assets of Associates are included in the consolidated financial statements in regards with the Group's share and classified under "Share of loss of investments accounted for by the equity method".

Equity accounting is discontinued when the carrying amount of the investment in an associate reaches zero, unless the Group has incurred obligations or guaranteed obligations in respect of the associate or significant influence of the Company ceases. The carrying amount of the investment at the date when significant influence ceases is regarded as cost thereafter.

The Associates and the proportion of ownership interests at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011 Direct and indirect control by Hürriyet and its Subsidiaries (%)	31 December 2010 Direct and indirect control by Hürriyet and its Subsidiaries (%)
Doğan Media International GmbH ("Doğan Media")	42,42	42,42

(d) *Non-controlling interests*

The non-controlling shareholders' share in the net assets and results for the period of Subsidiaries are separately classified in the consolidated balance sheets and statements of income as non-controlling interest.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.4 Offsetting

All items, significant in terms of content and amount, are stated separately in the consolidated financial statements even if they bear the same characteristics. Insignificant amounts or items displaying similar characteristics are stated collectively.

As a consequence, situations that arise due to the content of transactions and events make offsetting necessary, as the stating of the transaction or event over the net values or recognizing assets after the deduction for impairment, is not regarded as a violation of the rule of non-offsetting.

Income obtained, other than revenue, defined under the title "Proceeds" as a result of the Group's transactions realised within the normal course of business, is accounted for over the net values, provided that they are related to the essence of the transaction or event.

2.1.5 Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared comparatively with the prior period in order to give information about financial position and performance. In order to maintain consistency, with current year consolidated financial statements, comparative information is reclassified and significant changes are disclosed if necessary. In the current year, the Group has made some reclassifications in the prior year consolidated financial statements in order to maintain consistency, with current year consolidated financial statements. Nature, cause and amounts of classifications are explained below:

- Retained earnings amount of TL 1.786.780 which is profit on sale of subsidiaries, is classified to "restricted reserves".
- Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities amounting to TL 102.068.767 has been reported as TL 100.519.903, net cash provided by operating activities amounting to TL 43.629.395 has been reported as TL 37.759.076, net cash used in by investing activities amounting to TL 7.668.773 has been reported as TL 1.798.454 in the statement of cash flows.

These reclassifications do not have any impact on the statement of comprehensive income.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.6 Amendments and interpretations to existing standards

Standards Affecting Notes and Presentation of Financial Statements

There is no change in standard and interpretations affecting the basis of presentation and notes of financial statements during the period.

New and Revised IFRSs applied as of 30 September 2011 but have no effect on the financial statements:

IAS 24 (Revised 2009) *Related Party Disclosures*

In November 2009, IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures was revised. The revision to the standard provides government-related entities with a partial exemption from the disclosure requirements of IAS 24. The revised standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

IAS 32 (Amendments) *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*

The amendments to IAS 32 and IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010. The amendments address the accounting for rights issues (rights, options or warrants) that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the issuer. Previously, such rights issues were accounted for as derivative liabilities. However, the amendment requires that, provided certain conditions are met, such rights issues are classified as equity regardless of the currency in which the exercise price is denominated.

IFRS 1 (amendments) *First-time Adoption of IFRS – Additional Exemptions and Two Other Amendments*

Amendments to IFRS 1 which are effective for annual periods on or after 1 July 2010 provide limited exemption for first time adopters to present comparative IFRS 7 fair value disclosures.

IFRIC 14 (Amendments) *Pre-payment of a Minimum Funding Requirement*

Amendments to IFRIC 14 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011. The amendments affect entities that are required to make minimum funding contributions to a defined benefit pension plan and choose to pre-pay those contributions. The amendment requires an asset to be recognized for any surplus arising from voluntary pre-payments made.

IFRIC 19 *Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments*

IFRIC 19 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010. IFRIC 19 addresses only the accounting by the entity that issues equity instruments in order to settle, in full or part, a financial liability.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.6 Amendments and interpretations to existing standards (Continued)

New and Revised IFRSs applied as of 30 September 2011 but have no effect on the consolidated financial statements (Cont'd):

Annual Improvements May 2010

Further to the above amendments and revised standards, the IASB has issued Annual Improvements to IFRSs in May 2010 that cover 7 main standards/interpretations as follow: IFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards*; IFRS 3 *Business Combinations*; IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*; IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*; IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Explanations*; IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and IFRIC 13 *Customer Loyalty Programmes*. With the exception of amendments to IFRS 3 and IAS 27 which are effective on or after 1 July 2010, all other amendments are effective on or after 1 January 2011.

The application of these new and revised IFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years.

Standards and Interpretations that are not yet effective in September 2011 and have not been early adopted:

IFRS 1 (amendments) *First-time Adoption of IFRS – Additional Exemptions and Two Other Amendments*

On 20 December, IFRS 1 is amended to;

- provide relief for first-time adopters of IFRSs from having to reconstruct transactions that occurred before their date of transition to IFRSs.
- provide guidance for entities emerging from severe hyperinflation either to resume presenting IFRS financial statements or to present IFRS financial statements for the first time.

The amendment above will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011. These amendments are not relevant to the Group, as it is an existing IFRS preparer.

IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*

In October 2010, IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* is amended by IASB as part of its comprehensive review of off balance sheet activities. The amendments will allow users of financial statements to improve their understanding of transfer transactions of financial assets (for example, securitizations), including understanding the possible effects of any risks that may remain with the entity that transferred the assets. The amendments also require additional disclosures if a disproportionate amount of transfer transactions are undertaken around the end of a reporting period. The amendment will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.6 Amendments and interpretations to existing standards (Continued)

Standards and Interpretations that are not yet effective in September 2011 and have not been early adopted (Cont'd):

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement

In November 2009, the first part of IFRS 9 relating to the classification and measurement of financial assets was issued. IFRS 9 will ultimately replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. The standard requires an entity to classify its financial assets on the basis of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, and subsequently measure the financial assets as either at amortized cost or at fair value. The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Group has not had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this standard.

IAS 12 Income Taxes

In December 2010, IAS 12 is amended. IAS 12 requires an entity to measure the deferred tax relating to an asset depending on whether the entity expects to recover the carrying amount of the asset through use or sale. It can be difficult and subjective to assess whether recovery will be through use or through sale when the asset is measured using the fair value model in IAS 40 *Investment Property*. The amendment provides a practical solution to the problem by introducing a presumption that recovery of the carrying amount will, normally be, be through sale. The amendment will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 10 replaces the consolidation guidance in IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* and SIC-12 *Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities* by introducing a single consolidation model for all entities based on control, irrespective of the nature of the investee (i.e., whether an entity is controlled through voting rights of investors or through other contractual arrangements as is common in special purpose entities).

Under IFRS 10, control is based on whether an investor has 1) power over the investee; 2) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and 3) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the returns. The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.6 Amendments and interpretations to existing standards (Continued)

Standards and Interpretations that are not yet effective in September 2011 and have not been early adopted (Cont'd):

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

IFRS 11 introduces new accounting requirements for joint arrangements, replacing IAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures*. The option to apply the proportional consolidation method when accounting for jointly controlled entities is removed. Additionally, IFRS 11 eliminates jointly controlled assets to now only differentiate between joint operations and joint ventures. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control have rights to the net assets. The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest In Other Entities

IFRS 12 requires extensive disclosures relating to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. An entity is required to disclose information that helps users of its financial statements evaluate the nature of and risks associated with its interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial statements. The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (2011)

The requirements relating to separate financial statements are unchanged and are included in the amended IAS 27. The other portions of IAS 27 are replaced by IFRS 10.

IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011)

IAS 28 is amended for conforming changes based on the issuance of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurements

On 12 May 2011, IASB issued IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, which establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurement under IFRSs. IFRS 13 defines fair value, provides guidance on its determination and introduces consistent requirements for disclosures on fair value measurements. The Standard does not include requirements on when fair value measurements is required; it prescribes how fair value is to be measured if another Standard requires it.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.6 Amendments and interpretations to existing standards (Continued)

Standards and Interpretations that are not yet effective in September 2011 and have not been early adopted (Cont'd):

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (2011) – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to IAS 1 provides guidance on the presentation of items contained in other comprehensive income (OCI) and their classification within OCI. The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

IAS 19 Employee Benefits (2011) (the “amendments”)

The amendments to IAS 19 change the accounting for defined benefit plans and termination benefits. The new standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2.1 Related parties

For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, partners have the power control over the company alone or jointly; in this partnership persons who have management control at; group of companies which are controlled by those persons directly or indirectly, the company's key management personnel and Directors members of the Board, their immediate family members and themselves, directly or indirectly controlled by the companies and organizations are considered as related parties (Note 32).

2.2.2 Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin, or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are initially recognized at cost of purchase including the transaction costs and subsequently re-measured at fair value. All related realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the statement of income.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.3 Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables

Trade receivables resulted from providing goods or services directly to a debtor are carried at amortized cost. Trade receivables, net of unearned financial income, are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less the unearned financial income. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at original invoice amount unless the effect of imputing interest is significant (Note 9).

A credit risk provision for trade receivables is established if there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due. The Group also set allowance for the receivables which are overdue for more than one year unless there is no guarantee and collaterals taken or special agreement. The amount of this provision is the difference between the book value of the receivable and the collectible amount. The recoverable amount is the present value of all cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted based on the original effective interest rate of the originated receivables at inception.

If the amount of the impairment subsequently decreases due to an event occurring after the write-down, the release of the provision is credited to other income.

2.2.4 Impairment of assets

IFRS prohibits the amortization of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. Goodwill recognized in a business combination is not amortized; it is tested for impairment annually instead and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. The Group tests goodwill for impairment at year-ends.

The Group reviews all assets except for goodwill at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment on the stated asset. If there is any indicator of impairment, carrying amount of the stated asset is compared with the net realizable value which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

Impairment exists if the carrying amount of the stated asset or the cash generating unit including the stated asset exceeds its net realizable value. Impairment losses are recognized in consolidated statement of income.

2.2.5 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or estimated selling price less estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost elements included in inventories are materials, labour and an appropriate amount of production overheads. The cost of inventories is determined on the weighted average basis (Note 11).

Promotion materials

Assessment of impairment on promotion materials and determination of impairment amount is carried out by the group management. Impairment amount is determined by considering the purchase dates and rates identified by management.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.6 Investment properties

Land and buildings that are held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation or both rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes or sale in the ordinary course of business are classified as investment property. Investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation (except land) under the cost method less impairment charges, if any. Depreciation of investment properties (except land) is provided using a straight-line basis. The depreciation periods for investment property, which approximate the economic useful lives of such assets, are determined as 50 years (Note 13).

Investment properties are reviewed for impairment losses and if there is an indication of impairment on investment properties, recoverable amount is determined. Recoverable amount is considered to be the higher of future net cash flows of the investment property or the fair value less costs to sell. Investment properties are evaluated for any impairment and if carrying value of the investment property is higher than net recoverable amount, provision for impairment is established for the difference between the carrying and recoverable amount. Impairment is accounted to consolidated statement of income of the same year.

2.2.7 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets (Note 14).

The depreciation periods for property and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of assets concerned, are as follows:

Buildings	25-50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-15 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-15 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Leasehold improvements	2-20 years

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment losses and if there is an indication of impairment, carrying value of financial asset is determined. Recoverable amount is considered to be the higher of future net cash flows of the investment property or the fair value less costs to sell.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income of the same year.

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are included in the other income/expense accounts, as appropriate.

Repair and maintenance expenses are charged to the consolidated statement of income as they are incurred. Repair and maintenance expenses are capitalized if they result in an enlargement or substantial improvement of the respective assets (Note 14).

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.8 Financial leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are treated as comprising capital and interest elements.

Principal lease payments are treated as liabilities and reduced on payments. Finance charges are charged directly against income. Capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset.

2.2.9 Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets excluding goodwill comprise trade names, customer lists, computer software and rights, internet domain names and other intangible assets. All trade names, customer lists and internet domain names have been identified as a result of independent valuations performed for the purchase price allocation related with the business combinations. Useful lives of certain trade names are determined to be indefinite. Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and tested annually for impairment as goodwill.

Estimated useful lives of the intangible assets with finite useful lives are as follows:

Trade names	20 years
Customer lists	9 and 18 years
Computer software and rights	5 – 15 years
Domain names	3-20 years
Other intangible assets	5 years

Computer software and rights and other intangible assets are carried at their acquisition cost and amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives (Note 15).

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are evaluated for impairment losses and an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of income.

Web page development costs

Costs associated with developing web pages are capitalized and are amortized over their estimated useful lives (Note 15). Following the planning phase and operation; all costs are recognized as expense. Maintenance costs of web pages are accounted as operational expenses.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.10 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Preparation of financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the amount of assets and liabilities recognized as of the balance sheet date, contingent assets and liabilities disclosed and the amount of revenues and expenses reported. Although, these estimates and assumptions rely on the Company management's best knowledge about current events and transactions, actual outcomes may vary from those estimates and assumptions. The critical accounting estimates which may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the following financial reporting periods are as follows.

Useful lives of intangible assets

Group estimates the useful lives of some trade names as indefinite. If these intangible assets' useful lives are finite (in case of useful lives of 20 years), their amortization charge would have increased by TL 10.563.187 (30 September 2010: TL 10.558.673) and income before tax and non-controlling interests would have decreased by TL 10.563.187 (30 September 2010: TL 10.558.673).

Group amortizes trade names, customer lists and domain names with definite useful lives over the useful lives specified in Note 2.2.9.

If the useful lives of trade names, customer lists and domain names differ from the management's estimates by 10%, the effects on the financial statements would be as follows:

- Had the useful lives been higher by 10%, amortization charges would have decreased by TL 1.354.507 and loss before tax and non-controlling interests would have decreased by TL 1.354.507 (30 September 2010: TL 1.234.794 increase in loss) or
- Had the useful lives been lower by 10%, amortization charges would have increased by TL 1.655.508 and loss before tax and non-controlling interests would have increased by TL 1.655.508 (30 September 2010: TL 1.509.192 decrease in loss).

Provisions

Group management sets a doubtful receivable provision amounting to TL 4.321.359 (Note 9) and legal cases provision amounting to TL 283.318 (Note 18) in the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2011.

2.2.11 Taxes

Taxation on income includes current period income taxes and deferred taxes. Current year tax liability consists of tax liability on period income calculated according to currently enacted tax rates and tax legislation in force as of balance sheet date and includes adjustments related to previous years' tax liabilities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax.

In substance, temporary differences arise from the differences in the periods of the recognition of income and expenses in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2.1.1 and tax legislation.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.11 Taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority are offset accordingly.

2.2.12 Borrowings

Bank borrowings are recognized initially at proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Bank borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective yield method in the consolidated financial statements. Any difference between the proceeds (excluding transaction charges) and redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of income over the period of the borrowings (Note 7).

2.2.13 Employment termination benefits

The Group is required to pay termination benefits to employees who is retired, whose employment is terminated without due causes in Labour Law, in accordance with the Law related with The Arrangement of the Relationships within the Employees in Press Sector (employees in media sector) and other laws. The provision for employment termination benefits, as required by Turkish Labour Law, is recognized in these financial statements as the benefits are earned. The total provision represents the present value of future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees regarding the actuarial projections (Note 20).

2.2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. If the provision amount decreases upon a change in the current situation, the related amount is recorded to other income in the current period.

2.2.15 Share capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared. Dividend receivables are accounted for income at the date of dividend collection is eligible.

2.2.16 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to that entity. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Turkish Lira, which is the functional currency of the Company.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.16 Foreign currency transactions and translation (Continued)

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of foreign currency items have been included in the consolidated statement of income.

The results of Group undertakings using a measurement currency other than TL are first translated into TL by using the average exchange rate for the period. The assets and liabilities of such Group undertakings are translated into TL by using the closing rate at the balance sheet date. Differences arising on retranslation of the opening net assets of such Group undertakings and differences between the average and period-end rates are included in currency translation reserve as a separate item in the equity.

A significant portion of the Group's foreign operations are performed in Russia, Europe and Eastern Europe countries (Note 4). Foreign currencies and exchange rates at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are summarized below:

Country	Currency	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Russia	Ruble	0,0579	0,0507
Eurozone	Euro	2,5157	2,0491
Hungary	Forint	0,0086	0,0074
Croatia	Kuna	0,3359	0,2776
Ukraine	Grivna	0,2315	0,1942
Romania	New Ley	0,5846	0,4826
Kazakhstan	Tenge	0,0125	0,0105
Belarus	Belarusian Ruble	0,0003	0,0005

2.2.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of rebates, returns and commissions after eliminating sales within the Group.

Revenue initially accounted for with respect to the fair value of the amount receivable or received when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The interest rate used in discounting, is the interest rate to discount nominal amount of the receivable to the amortised cost of the related goods or services given.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest income.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.17 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenues from advertisement:

Revenues from advertisement are recognised on an accrual basis based on the time of publishing. Unpublished part of the advertisement is recorded as deferred revenue in balance sheet.

Revenues from newspaper sales:

Revenues from newspaper sales are recognised on a matching principle at the time of delivery of the newspapers by the distribution company to the vendor at the invoiced values.

Revenues from printing services:

Revenues from printing services arise from printing services given to third parties other than Group companies by using Group's printing facilities. Related income is recognised on an accrual basis at the time of services given.

Newspaper sales returns:

Provision for newspaper sales returns is accounted at the time of delivery based on past experiences and recent information of sales returns.

Interest income:

Interest income is recognized on accruals basis in accordance with effective interest yield method.

Rental income:

Rental income is recognized on an accrual basis.

Other income:

Other income is recognized on an accrual basis.

2.2.18 Barter agreements

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services, which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. If the fair value of goods or services received cannot be reliably measured, the revenue is measured at the fair value of goods or services given up by the entity, again adjusted for any cash or cash equivalents received or paid (Note 19).

2.2.19 (Loss)/Profit per share

(Loss) / profit per share disclosed in the consolidated statements of income are determined by dividing net (loss) / profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the period concerned.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.19 (Loss) /Profit per share (continued)

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares "bonus shares" to existing shareholders from retained earnings (Note 22). For the purpose of earnings per share computations, such bonus shares issuances are regarded as issued shares. Accordingly the weighted average number of shares used in earnings per share computations is derived by considering the retrospective effects of the issuances of the shares (Note 31).

In case of dividend payment, earnings per share are determined on existing number of shares rather than the weighted average numbers of shares.

2.2.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits and easily convertible short-term, highly liquid investments with maturity periods of 3 months or less (Note 5).

2.2.21 Subsequent events

Subsequent events and announcements related to net income or even declared after other selective financial information has been publicly announced, include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date when the balance sheet is authorised for issue.

In the case that events requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Company makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements.

2.2.22 Reporting of cash flows

In the statement of cash flows, cash flows during the period are classified under operating, investing or financing activities.

The cash flows raised from operating activities indicate cash flows due to the Group's operations.

The cash flows due to investing activities indicate the Group cash flows that are used for and obtained from investments (investments in assets and financial investments).

The cash flows due to financing activities indicate the cash obtained from financial arrangements and used in their repayment.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank deposits and the investments that are readily convertible into cash and highly liquid with 3 months or less to maturity (Note 5).

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.23 Financial liabilities to non-controlling interests put options

Under the certain terms of acquisition agreements, the Group is committed to acquire the interests owned by non-controlling shareholders in consolidated subsidiaries, if these non-controlling interests wish to sell their share of interests.

As it is highly probable that the Group will fulfill this obligation, IAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation", requires the value of such put option to be presented as a financial liability on the balance sheet for the discounted value of the expected exercise price of this option, notwithstanding the ability of the Company to settle part of these obligations with its own shares rather than cash. Furthermore, the share of non-controlling shareholders in the net asset of the company subject to the put option must be reclassified from "non-controlling interest" to "other financial liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group recognises, on initial recognition, the difference between the exercise price of the option and the carrying value of the non-controlling interests as a reduction of non-controlling interest and then as additional goodwill. The subsequent unwinding of the discount is recognised in financial expense while the change in the value of the commitment is recorded through goodwill (Note 16).

2.2.24 Assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Discontinued operations are the part of the Group which either are classified as held-for-sale or have been disposed of and whose activities and cash flows can be treated as separable from the Group's activities and cash flows. Discontinued operations represent separate business or geographical segments, which are part of a plan to sell or dispose, or is a subsidiary acquired for selling. The Group measures discontinued operations, with the lower of the carrying amounts of the related assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations or the fair values less costs to sell (Note 29).

2.2.25 Business combinations

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (Note 3).

2.2.26 Segment reporting

The chief operating decision-maker of the Group is the Executive Committee or Management Committee. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group has selected the geographical segment as the Group's primary segment reporting format based on the risks and returns in geographical areas reflecting the primary source of the enterprise's risks and returns (Note 4).

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2.27 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments, predominantly foreign currency interest swap agreements and foreign currency agreements are initially recognised at their historical costs plus the transaction costs. Derivative financial instruments are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. All derivative financial instruments are classified as financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. Fair value of derivative financial instruments is measured by using its market value or by applying discounted cash flows method. Derivative financial instruments are classified as assets or liabilities in accordance with their fair values to be positive or negative.

Certain derivative transactions, while providing effective economic hedges under the risk management position, do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules under IAS 39 and are therefore treated as derivatives at fair value through profit or loss and their fair value gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of income.

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

There are no business combinations as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING

a) Segmental analysis for the period between 1 January – 30 September 2011:

	Turkey	Russia and EE	Europe	Total
Sales	433.190.573	158.896.509	37.955.218	630.042.300
Cost of sales (-)	(286.466.616)	(86.114.314)	(27.730.939)	(400.311.869)
Gross operating profit	146.723.957	72.782.195	10.224.279	229.730.431
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses (-)	(71.805.899)	(16.585.543)	(2.587.324)	(90.978.766)
Losses from investments accounted for by equity method (-)	(6.702.751)	-	-	(6.702.751)
Net segment result	68.215.307	56.196.652	7.636.955	132.048.914
General administrative expenses (-)				(119.842.579)
Other operating income				9.841.794
Other operating expenses (-)				(39.736.739)
Financial income				49.856.234
Financial expense (-)				(135.110.598)
Operating loss before tax				(102.942.974)
Tax expenses for the period (-)				(4.054.626)
Deferred tax income				5.968.119
Net loss for the period				(101.029.481)

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NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

b) Segmental analysis for the period between 1 July – 30 September 2011:

	Turkey	Russia and EE	Europe	Total
Sales	132.027.429	54.900.919	13.346.739	200.275.087
Cost of sales (-)	(94.516.903)	(29.550.113)	(9.395.551)	(133.462.567)
Gross operating profit	37.510.526	25.350.806	3.951.188	66.812.520
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses (-)	(23.462.761)	(5.948.199)	(851.391)	(30.262.351)
Losses from investments accounted for by equity method (-)	(1.931.026)	-	-	(1.931.026)
Net segment result	12.116.739	19.402.607	3.099.797	34.619.143
General administrative expenses (-)				(39.817.820)
Other operating income				1.852.087
Other operating expense (-)				(9.303.421)
Financial income				16.123.887
Financial expense (-)				(77.374.366)
Operating loss before tax				(73.900.490)
Tax expenses for the period (-)				3.919.151
Deferred tax income				108.732
Net loss for the period				(69.872.607)

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NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the period between 1 January – 30 September 2010:

	Turkey	Russia and EE	Europe	Total
Sales	406.520.497	143.962.532	36.815.618	587.298.647
Cost of sales (-)	(253.125.973)	(71.205.749)	(27.378.448)	(351.710.170)
Gross operating profit	153.394.524	72.756.783	9.437.170	235.588.477
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses (-)	(65.255.708)	(11.618.600)	(2.790.070)	(79.664.378)
Losses from investments accounted for by equity method (-)	(6.860.574)	-	-	(6.860.574)
Net segment result	81.278.242	61.138.183	6.647.100	149.063.525
General administrative expenses (-)				(106.743.829)
Other operating income				11.075.135
Other operating expense (-)				(20.184.626)
Financial income				37.902.973
Financial expense (-)				(37.487.314)
Operating profit before tax				33.625.864
Tax expenses for the period (-)				(23.822.073)
Deferred tax income				7.883.792
Net profit for the period				17.687.583

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NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

d) Segmental analysis for the period between 1 July – 30 September 2010:

	Turkey	Russia and EE	Europe	Total
Sales	128.743.545	50.101.949	11.474.198	190.319.692
Cost of sales (-)	(85.679.839)	(24.110.529)	(7.937.750)	(117.728.118)
Gross operating profit	43.063.706	25.991.420	3.536.448	72.591.574
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses (-)	(14.429.689)	(3.738.165)	(879.414)	(19.047.268)
Losses from investments accounted for by equity method (-)	(1.909.748)	-	-	(1.909.748)
Net segment result	26.724.269	22.253.255	2.657.034	51.634.558
General administrative expenses (-)				(35.504.511)
Other operating income				3.420.433
Other operating expense (-)				(3.090.164)
Financial income				14.908.605
Financial expense (-)				(6.558.286)
Operating profit before tax				24.810.635
Tax expenses for the period (-)				(10.408.827)
Deferred tax income				4.151.241
Net profit for the period				18.553.049

e) Segment assets:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Turkey	712.318.846	701.272.070
Russia and EE	779.584.511	698.935.697
Europe	165.205.435	141.291.184
	1.657.108.792	1.541.498.951
Unallocated assets	25.259.834	30.833.687
Investments accounted for by the equity method	-	6.593.636
Total assets per consolidated financial statements	1.682.368.626	1.578.926.274

Group's assets other than segment assets include tax receivables (Note 10), prepaid taxes (Note 21), VAT receivables (Note 21) and deferred tax assets (Note 30).

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NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

f) Segment liabilities

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Turkey	102.521.244	79.964.681
Russia and EE	22.531.867	18.557.684
Europe	34.182.695	24.658.364
	159.235.806	123.180.729
Unallocated liabilities	778.552.776	682.712.438
Total liabilities per consolidated financial statements	937.788.582	805.893.167

Group's liabilities other than segment liabilities is composed of short-and long-term borrowings (Note 7), provisions (Note 18), employee termination benefits (Note 20), VAT payable and unused vacation (Note 21), net income and tax liability and deferred tax liabilities (Note 30).

g) Depreciation and amortisation charges and capital expenditures

Capital expenditures (Excluding business combinations):

	2011		2010	
	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September
Turkey	15.100.946	5.138.495	18.593.675	3.448.787
Russia and EE	7.015.962	2.821.752	4.606.673	2.227.736
Europe	1.201.282	565.125	1.164.229	104.526
	23.318.190	8.525.372	24.364.577	5.781.049

Depreciation and amortisation charges:

	2011		2010	
	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September
Turkey	35.115.570	11.397.312	36.956.158	12.150.048
Russia and EE	22.743.611	7.849.880	20.316.853	6.833.086
Europe	6.618.584	2.036.076	6.231.950	2.182.152
	64.477.765	21.283.268	63.504.961	21.165.286

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

h) Non-cash expenses:

	1 January 2011-30 September 2011			
	Turkey	Russia and EE	Europe	Total
Tax base increase expenses under Law No. 6111 (Note 26, 28)	19.396.232	-	-	19.396.232
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 9, 21)	3.062.484	1.093.677	296.214	4.452.375
Rediscount of interest expenses	2.020.921	1.743.809	112.443	3.877.173
Provision for employee termination benefits and unused vacation rights (Note 20,21)	6.661.989	5.445.208	-	12.107.197
Provision for impairment of investment properties (Note 26)	279.293	-	-	279.293
Provision for impairment of available for sale financial assets (Note 6)	251.232	-	-	251.232
Provision for lawsuits (Note 18)	283.318	-	-	283.318
Provision for competition authority penalty (Note 18)	2.853.530	-	-	2.853.530
	34.808.999	8.282.694	408.657	43.500.350

	1 January 2010-30 September 2010			
	Turkey	Russia and EE	Europe	Total
Provisions and accruals for tax penalties (Note 26)	3.114.296	-	-	3.114.296
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 9, 26)	3.657.758	332.763	480.338	4.470.859
Provision for employment termination benefits and unused vacation rights (Note 20,21)	6.005.414	-	-	6.005.414
Interest expense accruals	1.022.214	1.537.133	48.778	2.608.125
Provision for impairment of investment properties (Note 26)	533.208	-	-	533.208
Provision for impairment of available for sale financial assets (Note 6)	301.800	-	-	301.800
Provision for lawsuits (Note 18)	224.813	-	-	224.813
	14.859.503	1.869.896	529.116	17.258.515

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Cash	1.018.361	774.972
Banks		
- demand deposits	18.468.361	19.006.039
- time deposits	104.809.245	69.609.037
- blocked deposits	195.289	144.548
Total	124.491.256	89.534.596

The Group has blocked deposits amounting to TL 195.289 as of 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 144.548). The blocked deposits consist of demand deposits amounting to TL 15.658 (31 December 2010: TL 10.246).

Cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated statements of cash flows as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 is as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010	30 September 2010	31 December 2009
Cash and banks	124.491.256	89.534.596	97.201.306	278.383.288
Less: Blocked deposits	(195.289)	(144.548)	(139.266)	(274.793)
Less: Interest accruals	(226.771)	(471.826)	(355.709)	(1.133.947)
Total	124.069.196	88.918.222	96.706.331	276.974.548

The maturity analysis of time deposits including the blocked time deposits is as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
0-1 month	104.007.176	68.379.768
1-3 months	981.700	1.363.571
	104.988.876	69.743.339

There are no time deposits with variable interest rates at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010. The gross interest rate for TL time deposits is 8,9% for 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: 7,3%). The gross interest rates of foreign currency denominated time deposits are 3,7% for USD and 2,3% for Euro as of 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: USD: 2,3%, Euro: 2,9%).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL ASSETS

The details of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Treasury bills and government bonds	-	18.855.213
Total	-	18.855.213

As of 30 September 2011 there is not nay treasury bill and government bond. All treasury bills and government bonds are on USD currency and the effective interest rate is 7,5 % as of 31 December 2010.

The details of financial assets available for sales as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as presented below:

	Share %	30 September 2011	Share %	31 December 2010
Doğan Havacılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Havacılık")	9,00	4.513.093	9,00	4.513.093
Doğan Factoring Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Doğan Factoring")	5,11	1.029.747	5,11	1.029.747
Doğan Dış Ticaret ve Mümessillik A.Ş. ("Doğan Dış Ticaret")	1,75	468.534	1,75	346.038
Coats İplik Sanayi A.Ş.	0,50	257.850	0,50	257.850
Hür Servis Sosyal Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Hürservis")	19,00	169.166	19,00	169.166
Other	-	303.131	-	286.141
		6.741.521		6.602.035
Impairment on Doğan Havacılık		(2.006.737)		(1.755.505)
Total		4.734.784		4.846.530

Financial investments are carried at cost since they are not being transacted in an active market.

The provision movements of impairment for financial assets available for sale are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(1.755.505)	(1.481.588)
Provision for impairment	(251.232)	(301.800)
30 September	(2.006.737)	(1.783.388)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The details of financial liabilities at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

Short-term financial liabilities and short term portion of long term financial liabilities:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Bank borrowings	183.322.966	202.710.972
Financial liabilities to suppliers	32.727.330	26.562.545
Lease payables	239.723	919.929
Total	216.290.019	230.193.446

Long-term financial liabilities:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Bank borrowings (Note 33.ii)	338.262.324	221.167.354
Financial liabilities to suppliers (Note 33.ii)	45.970.376	54.991.092
Lease payables	-	28.539
Total	384.232.700	276.186.985

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

Bank borrowings:

The details of bank borrowings at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	<u>Effective interest rate (%)</u>		<u>Original foreign currency</u>		<u>TL</u>	
	30 September 2011	31 December 2010	30 September 2011	31 December 2010	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Short-term bank borrowings						
- USD	5,3	-	20.352.743	-	37.556.917	-
- Euro	5,0	1,7	10.104.998	2.970	25.421.143	6.086
Sub-total					62.978.060	6.086
Short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings						
- USD	1,4	3,3	57.452.088	93.194.435	106.016.337	144.078.596
- Euro	10,1	2,8	5.695.659	27.541.110	14.328.569	56.434.490
- CHF	-	2,4	-	1.333.374	-	2.191.800
Sub-total					120.344.906	202.704.886
Total short-term bank borrowings					183.322.966	202.710.972
Long-term bank borrowings						
- USD	5,7	4,4	182.328.629	138.664.540	336.451.019	214.375.379
- Euro	3,8	2,9	720.000	3.314.614	1.811.305	6.791.975
Total long-term bank borrowings					338.262.324	221.167.354

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

Bank borrowings (Continued):

The redemption schedules of long-term bank borrowings are as follows:

Year	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
2012	1.370.332	116.281.690
2013	114.298.771	67.106.537
2014	129.498.041	25.730.549
2015 and after	93.095.180	12.048.578
Total	338.262.324	221.167.354

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual reprising dates at the balance sheet dates are as follows:

Period	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Up to 6 months	521.585.290	423.878.326
Total	521.585.290	423.878.326

Carrying value of the financial liabilities is considered to approximate their fair value since discount effect is not material.

Group borrows loans on fixed and floating interest rates.

The Group has obligation to fulfill financial conditions of the bank regarding the long-term bank loans used to purchase shares of TME. Accordingly, ratio of group's net debt to EBITDA identified by the bank which is included in consolidated financial statements for the last 12 months and shareholders' equity must stay below a certain level.

Furthermore, the Group committed that there will be no business combinations or disposals or sales of assets or liabilities in aggregate which may indicate a change in the control or in the major operations in one of the Group's Subsidiary, TME. Other than mergers and acquisitions allowed, buying shares and entering into joint venture agreements are restricted for the Group.

The Group has pledged 33.649.091 unit share certificates which comprise 67,3% of the shares of TME, one of its Subsidiaries, as securities to financial institutions related with the long-term bank borrowings (31 December 2010: 33.649.091 unit).

In case of the changing the control of TME and being contrary to legislation of the fulfillments of the contract, the loan contract will be cancelled and repaid.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

Bank borrowings (Continued):

TME shall repay and cancel the credit facility in case of any change in the control of TME or any illegal acts provided that there are mitigation clauses in the credit facility agreement.

Furthermore, if there are disposals or sells in aggregate in excess of the amount of 10% of the TME's consolidated net assets or if there is an equity movement resulting in 10% change in TME's consolidated net assets, TME shall cancel and repay the credit facility.

In connection with the long-term bank loan used by OOO Pronto Moscow restructured the bank loan amounting to USD 70.000.000 on 15 April 2011, which are reclassified to long-term financial liabilities as of 31 December 2010. OOO Pronto Moscow paid back a refund on 21 April 2011 therefore blocked deposits amounting to USD 10.000.000 was resolved on 3 May 2011 (Note 21). Based on the restructured loan agreement, amount of USD 70.000.000 have been blocked as a guarantee deposit of Doğan Holding.

Lease payables:

Lease payables at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Short-term lease payables	239.723	919.929
Long-term lease payables	-	28.539
Total	239.723	948.468

The redemption schedules of long-term lease payables are as follows:

Year	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
2012	-	28.539
Total	-	28.539

The effective interest rate for long-term lease payables is 6,5% for USD (31 December 2010: USD: 6,5%, Euro: 5,3%).

Financial liabilities to suppliers:

Short and long-term financial liabilities to suppliers are related with the purchase of machinery and equipment. The effective interest rates of short-term and long-term financial liabilities to suppliers are 0,9% for USD, 2,1% for Euro and 1,7% for CHF (31 December 2010: USD: 0,8%, Euro: 1,6%, CHF: 1,2%).

The redemption schedules of long-term financial liabilities to suppliers are as follows:

Year	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
2012	10.098.164	26.013.161
2013	28.459.779	22.940.320
2014 and after	7.412.433	6.037.611
Total	45.970.376	54.991.092

The Group's short-term financial liabilities to suppliers issued at variable interest rates are amounting to TL 32.727.330 (31 December 2010: TL 26.562.545) and long-term financial liabilities TL 45.970.376 as of 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 54.991.092).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities to suppliers (Continued):

The exposure of the Group's financial liabilities to suppliers to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates are as follows:

Period	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Up to 6 months	78.697.706	81.420.394
6-12 months	-	133.243
Total	78.697.706	81.553.637

The fair values of short-term and long-term financial liabilities to suppliers are considered to approximate their carrying values as the effect of discount is not material.

The Group's borrowings with variable interest amount to TL 418.444.606 at 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 499.025.964).

NOTE 8 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Other financial liabilities at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Derivative liabilities	2.258.972	4.602.171
Financial liabilities due to put options	64.709.135	52.480.516
- <i>Short-term (Note 19)</i>	64.709.135	52.480.516
Total	66.968.107	57.082.687

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term trade receivables net of unearned credit finance income at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Trade receivables	243.129.693	207.076.298
Cheques and notes receivable	3.783.350	3.948.580
Receivables from credit cards	1.278.762	1.304.416
	248.191.805	212.329.294
Unearned credit finance income	(931.228)	(1.298.687)
Less: provision for doubtful receivables	(53.532.879)	(49.256.073)
Short-term trade receivables	193.727.698	161.774.534

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Trade receivables resulting from advertisements, amounting to TL 126.414.543 (31 December 2010: TL 115.496.315) are followed up by Doğan Factoring Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Doğan Factoring"). These receivables are related to commercial advertisements and some of reclassified ads. The due date of the Group's trade receivable followed up by Doğan Factoring is 89 days (31 December 2010: 91 days). The unearned credit finance income related with the receivables followed up by Doğan Factoring is TL 931.228 (31 December 2010: TL 1.298.687) and the effective interest rate is 10% (31 December 2010: 10%).

The movements of provision for doubtful receivables are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(49.256.073)	(43.241.229)
Additions during the period (Note 26)	(4.321.359)	(4.470.859)
Collections during the period	1.988.249	1.548.864
Currency translation differences	(2.323.828)	1.257.613
Provisions related to assets held for sale	380.132	-
30 September	(53.532.879)	(44.905.611)

Trade payables at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Short-term trade payables	33.720.708	33.994.339
	33.720.708	33.994.339

As of 30 September 2011, the due date of Group's trade receivables is 48 days (31 December 2010: 37 days). As of the 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010, unearned financial expense has not been denominated in the financial statements due to the immateriality.

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Other receivables at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Non-trade receivables from related parties (Note 32)	6.678.626	-
Deposits and guarantees given	541.516	396.262
Tax receivables (1) (Note 4.e)	-	1.445.314
Total	7.220.142	1.841.576

- (1) Receivables from tax authorities of the Group as of 31 December 2010 consist of the tax receivable as a result of tax litigation resulted in favor of OOO Pronto Moscow, a subsidiary of the Group, which should be offset against future tax liabilities.

Other long-term receivables at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Deposits and guarantees given	869.360	790.356
Total	869.360	790.356

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NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Other payables at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Taxes and funds payable	8.022.719	9.362.465
Due to personnel	4.960.021	4.615.369
Social security withholdings payable	4.244.407	3.357.710
Deposits and guarantees received	1.354.961	1.000.944
Total	18.582.108	18.336.488

Other long-term payables at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Deposits and guarantees received	220.700	147.519
Total	220.700	147.519

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Raw materials and supplies	11.986.846	13.113.625
Promotion materials (1)	3.551.408	3.609.190
Semi-finished goods	363.241	668.087
Finished goods and merchandise	1.675.461	1.527.791
	17.576.956	18.918.693
Impairment on promotion materials	(1.532.397)	(1.268.307)
Total	16.044.559	17.650.386

(1) Promotion materials include promotion materials such as books, CDs and DVDs.

Movement of the provision for impairment of promotion inventories are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(1.268.307)	(811.496)
Provision of impairment	(264.090)	(190.948)
30 September	(1.532.397)	(1.002.444)

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NOTE 12 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD

The investments accounted for by the equity method as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	Share %	30 September 2011	Share %	31 December 2010
Doğan Media (1)	42,42	-	42,42	6.593.636
		-		6.593.636

The summary of Group's share of the financial statements of the investments accounted for by the equity method at 30 September 2011 is as follows:

30 September 2011	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net Sales	Net loss for the period
Doğan Media (1)	30.715.198	31.709.559	32.658.683	(7.697.112)
	30.715.198	31.709.559	32.658.683	(7.697.112)

- (1) Net loss for the period of Doğan Media mainly stems from the loss of its subsidiary Doğan Media International SA established in Romania. Doğan Media is coordinating the Group's operating over the Europe

The summary of Group's share of the financial statements of the investments accounted for by the equity method at 31 December 2010 is as follows:

31 December 2010	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net Sales	Net loss for the period
Doğan Media	21.977.900	15.384.264	45.039.790	(8.944.812)
	21.977.900	15.384.264	45.039.790	(8.944.812)

The movements in investments accounted for by equity method during the periods ending at 30 September are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	6.593.636	1.432.023
Increase in share capital	-	7.584.060
Loss from associates	(6.702.751)	(6.860.574)
Disposal of an associate		(164.384)
Currency translation differences	109.115	100.936
30 September	-	2.092.061

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 13 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The movements in investment property and related accumulated depreciation for the period ended at 30 September 2011 is as follows:

	1 January 2011	Additions	Disposals	Reversal of/ provision for impairment (net)	30 September 2011
Cost:					
Land	9.565.495	-	-	-	9.565.495
Buildings	15.512.554	6.618.557	(6.783.291)	(186.321)	15.161.499
	25.078.049	6.618.557	(6.783.291)	(186.321)	24.726.994
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(600.170)	(101.221)	-	-	(701.391)
	(600.170)	(101.221)	-	-	(701.391)
Net book value	24.477.879				24.025.603

The fair value of the investment property has been determined approximately as TL 37.847.672 at 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 38.276.681). Fair values of the investment properties as of 30 September 2011 have been determined by an independent valuation company which is not connected with the Group and has accreditation of Capital Market Board.

Amortization expense of TL 101.221 (30 September 2010: TL 101.215) has been charged in general administrative expenses for the period ended 30 September 2011 (Note 24).

The Group does not earn rent revenue from investment properties. Direct operating expenses arising on the investment property in the period amounted to TL 40.080 (30 September 2010: TL 15.072).

The movements in investment property and related accumulated depreciation for the period 30 September 2010 are as follows:

	1 January 2010	Additions	Disposals	Reversal of impairment	30 September 2010
Cost:					
Lands	9.565.495	-	-	-	9.565.495
Buildings	17.495.285	4.884.950	(12.266.420)	2.615.899	12.729.714
	27.060.780	4.884.950	(12.266.420)	2.615.899	22.295.209
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(465.217)	(101.215)	-	-	(566.432)
	(465.217)	(101.215)	-	-	(566.432)
Net book value	26.595.563				21.728.777

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NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The movements in property, plant and equipment and related accumulated depreciation for the period ended 30 September 2011 are as follows:

	1 January 2011	Currency Translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfers (1)	Reclassified to assets held for sale	30 September 2011
Cost							
Land and land improvements	52.576.391	1.643.453	-	-	-	-	54.219.844
Buildings	264.815.147	5.835.124	357.990	(1.090.599)	-	(151.315)	269.766.347
Machinery and equipments	707.726.344	12.407.735	2.432.876	(1.141.444)	-	-	721.425.511
Motor vehicles	11.023.178	523.026	113.382	(904.675)	-	-	10.754.911
Furniture and fixtures	102.152.751	2.058.173	4.497.737	(2.281.948)	359.218	(858.065)	105.927.866
Leasehold improvements	25.125.824	28.650	25.511	-	-	-	25.179.985
Other non-current assets	562.888	127.994	2.746	-	-	-	693.628
Construction in progress	1.625.141	154.099	2.124.848	(223.779)	(757.414)	-	2.922.895
	1.165.607.664	22.778.254	9.555.090	(5.642.445)	(398.196)	(1.009.380)	1.190.890.987
Accumulated depreciation							
Land and land improvements	(517.078)	-	(54.795)	-	-	-	(571.873)
Buildings	(68.909.604)	(1.533.997)	(4.455.267)	177.991	-	151.315	(74.569.562)
Machinery and equipments	(521.076.293)	(8.612.159)	(29.796.750)	540.255	-	-	(558.944.947)
Motor vehicles	(8.406.510)	(276.533)	(587.910)	902.480	-	-	(8.368.473)
Furniture and fixtures	(84.264.437)	(1.615.564)	(5.737.586)	1.818.747	-	712.286	(89.086.554)
Leasehold improvements	(23.214.431)	(6.889)	(308.258)	-	-	-	(23.529.578)
Other non-current assets	(277.358)	(66.214)	(52.766)	-	-	-	(396.338)
	(706.665.711)	(12.111.356)	(40.993.332)	3.439.473	-	863.601	(755.467.325)
Net book value	458.941.953						435.423.662

At 30 September 2011, net book value of the property, plant and equipment in machinery and equipment group obtained via financial leasing is amounting to TL 8.938.272 (31 December 2010: TL 8.852.044).

At 30 September 2011 there are mortgages on property, plant and equipment amounting to TL 17.796.331 (31 December 2010: TL 14.763.431).

At 30 September 2011 construction in progress amounting to TL 2.922.895 (31 December 2010: TL 1.625.141) is related to furniture and fixtures, computer programs and internet domain names.

For the periods ended at 30 September 2011 amortization expense amounting TL 30.689.298 (30 September 2010: TL 33.100.563) is added to cost of sales (Note 23), and amounting TL 10.304.034 (30 September 2010: TL 9.984.134) is added to marketing, selling and distribution and general administrative expenses.

(1) The amount TL 398.196 in transfer column is transferred to intangible assets (Note 15).

On 17 August 2011 the operations for the sale of the real estate, in which Company's administrative building (corporate head offices) is located, too, and/or for the preparation of a project and its development by finding a strategic partner, have been initiated. As of the date of consolidated financial statements, since no significant progress has been happened for the sales, the real estate is still classified under the tangible assets.

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NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The movements in property, plant and equipment and related accumulated depreciation for the period ended 30 September 2010 are as follows:

	1 January 2010	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfers(1)	30 September 2010
Cost						
Land and land improvements	52.809.179	(611.610)	38.080	-	-	52.235.649
Buildings	264.376.487	(2.083.432)	719.807	-	-	263.012.862
Machinery and equipments	707.146.020	(4.530.875)	3.426.854	(688.806)	-	705.353.193
Motor vehicles	10.750.296	(113.757)	622.342	(509.886)	-	10.748.995
Furniture and fixtures	100.253.159	(661.717)	3.674.372	(2.636.216)	166.557	100.796.155
Leasehold improvements	24.939.931	(13.552)	91.264	-	102.960	25.120.603
Other non-current assets	578.607	(50.076)	12.297	-	-	540.828
Construction in progress	1.433.748	(59.077)	2.837.313	(22.712)	(2.440.813)	1.748.459
	1.162.287.427	(8.124.096)	11.422.329	(3.857.620)	(2.171.296)	1.159.556.744
Accumulated depreciation						
Land and land improvements	(445.366)	-	(53.447)	-	-	(498.813)
Buildings	(63.276.715)	409.048	(4.346.993)	-	-	(67.214.660)
Machinery and equipments	(480.467.476)	2.829.701	(32.220.565)	582.786	-	(509.275.554)
Motor vehicles	(7.986.843)	(7.679)	(659.516)	286.222	-	(8.367.816)
Furniture and fixtures	(79.814.445)	406.127	(5.465.149)	2.292.160	-	(82.581.307)
Leasehold improvements	(22.804.688)	1.724	(309.432)	-	-	(23.112.396)
Other non-current assets	(234.567)	19.099	(29.605)	-	-	(245.073)
	(655.030.100)	3.658.020	(43.084.707)	3.161.168	-	(691.295.619)
Net book value	507.257.327					468.261.125

At 30 September 2010, net book value of the property, plant and equipment in machinery and equipment group obtained via financial leasing is amounting to TL 9.038.687.

At 30 September 2010 there were mortgages amounting to TL 12.840.000 and pledges amounting to TL 6.052.626.

At 30 September 2010 construction in progress amounting to TL 1.748.460 is related to computer programs and internet domain names.

(1) The amount TL 2.171.296 in transfer column is transferred to intangible assets.

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NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The movements in intangible assets and related accumulated amortisation for the period ended 30 September 2011 is as follows:

	1 January 2011	Currency translation difference	Additions	Disposals	Transfers (1)	Reclassified to assets held for sale	30 September 2011
Cost							
Trade names	278.869.235	39.063.152	1.618	-	-	-	317.934.005
Customer list	269.731.647	38.451.637	-	-	-	-	308.183.284
Computer software and rights	52.275.949	6.748.108	4.344.111	(755.588)	208.878	(188.221)	62.633.237
Internet domain names	17.612.506	2.597.779	1.194.158	-	189.318	-	21.593.761
Other intangible assets	7.092.974	561.915	1.604.656	(993.901)	-	-	8.265.644
	625.582.311	87.422.591	7.144.543	(1.749.489)	398.196	(188.221)	718.609.931
Accumulated amortisation							
Trade names and licenses	(17.117.127)	(710.126)	(1.043.721)	-	-	-	(18.870.974)
Customer list	(61.622.741)	(9.585.546)	(13.360.652)	-	-	-	(84.568.939)
Computer software and rights	(34.135.602)	(5.316.601)	(7.233.925)	704.247	-	164.232	(45.817.649)
Internet domain names	(3.792.122)	(845.792)	(1.219.979)	-	-	-	(5.857.893)
Other intangible assets	(6.242.319)	(540.992)	(524.935)	991.824	-	-	(6.316.422)
	(122.909.911)	(16.999.057)	(23.383.212)	1.696.071	-	164.232	(161.431.877)
Net book value	502.672.400						557.178.054

Amortization expense of TL 23.383.212 (30 September 2010: TL 20.319.039) has been charged in marketing, selling and distribution, and general administrative expenses as of 30 September 2011.

(1) Amount of TL 398.196 is transferred from tangible assets (Note 14).

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NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The movements in intangible assets and related accumulated amortisation for the period ended 30 September 2010 are as follows:

	1 January 2010	Currency translation difference	Additions	Disposals	Transfers(1)	30 September 2010
Costs						
Trade names	311.162.191	(15.718.538)	-	-	7.571	295.451.224
Customer list	267.301.820	(12.925.646)	-	-	-	254.376.174
Computer software and rights	42.874.754	(2.413.746)	7.573.948	(827.694)	1.241.605	48.448.867
Internet domain names	15.528.272	(714.515)	272.547	-	922.120	16.008.424
Other intangible assets	7.078.497	(364.849)	210.803	(993.901)	-	5.930.550
	643.945.534	(32.137.294)	8.057.298	(1.821.595)	2.171.296	620.215.239
Accumulated amortisation						
Trade names	(15.786.684)	184.486	(936.928)	-	-	(16.539.126)
Customer list	(45.139.644)	3.000.672	(12.201.032)	-	-	(54.340.004)
Computer software and rights	(27.509.657)	1.821.514	(5.658.016)	655.374	-	(30.690.785)
Internet domain names	(2.372.841)	232.695	(1.104.982)	-	-	(3.245.128)
Other intangible assets	(6.891.004)	357.634	(418.081)	992.365	-	(5.959.086)
	(97.699.830)	5.597.001	(20.319.039)	1.647.739		(110.774.129)
Net book value	546.245.704					509.441.110

(1) Amount of TL 2.171.296 is transferred from tangible assets (Note 14).

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NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are amounting to TL 289.927.956 at 30 September 2011, (31 December 2010: TL 252.507.389). The useful lives of the assets with indefinite useful life are determined based on the expected usage period, stability of the industry, changes in market demands as to the products and services provided through assets, control period over the assets and legal or similar restrictions on their utilisation.

NOTE 16 - GOODWILL

The movements in goodwill for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	206.177.957	222.336.593
Foreign currency translation difference	28.787.152	(9.515.844)
Other (1)	1.501.596	423.962
30 September	236.466.705	213.244.711

(1) Other represents the changes in the fair value of the put options (Note 2.2.23).

The part of goodwill amounting to TL 225.134.521 stems from the acquisition of Group's subsidiary TME which has operations abroad and the part amounting to TL 11.332.184 stems from the acquisition of Doğan Ofset.

NOTE 17 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The Group obtained six Investment Incentives Certificate for the imported equipments amounting to USD 25.035.264 and domestic equipments amounting to TL 151.800 for the modernization of its printing plants in Istanbul, Ankara, Izmir, Adana, Antalya and Trabzon on 23, 27 and 31 July 2008. The agreements are valid for two years and equipment imported within the scope of the certificate is exempt from Customs Duty, Collective Housing Fund and VAT. The investments amounting to USD 19.213.346 for imported equipments and TL 151.800 for domestic equipments are realized within these certificates as at 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: USD 19.213.346 and TL 151.800). Investment incentives certificates (except Trabzon) are ceased between the dates of 19 June – 3 July 2011 and process to dissolve the certificate has started. Incentive received for Trabzon was cancelled as the investment project amounting to USD 1.031.800 was cancelled.

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NOTE 18 -PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010, short term provisions are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Provision for competition authority penalty (1) (Note 26)	2.853.530	-
Other provisions for lawsuit and compensation	3.046.483	3.118.039
Provision for loss of investments accounted for by the equity method	994.361	-
Provision for tax penalty (2)	-	7.294.189
Total	6.894.374	10.412.228

(1) Based on the investigation undertaken by the Competition Authority with respect to Company, concerning the practices in the advertisement area sales in the print media; it has been decided to impose an administrative penalty fee of TL 3.804.716. If the penalty is paid within 30 days after notification is received, penalty amount, after a discount of 25 %, will be TL 2.853.530. It has been considered that the practices, which are made subject to criticism in the decision of the Competition Authority, are in conformity with the legal arrangements and the Competition Authority's communiqué, circular letter and decisions; following the official notification of the reasoned decision of the Competition Authority to Company, all kind of legal rights against the said Decision shall be executed in due time. In accordance with the opinion of legal advisors reserving the right to sue, provision amounting to TL 2.853.530 has been accounted in the financial statements as at 30 September 2011.

(2) The Company has filed a lawsuit for the cancellation of the tax charges/tax notifications totaling TL 30.895.416 imposed for the 2004, 2005 and 2006 periods by the respective tax office regarding the Company. As required by the third article of Law No: 6111, the Company has restructured TL 27.100.503 portion of its total "undue and on trial tax liabilities in dispute" of TL 30.895.416 and reconciled its dispute with the tax office. Accordingly, the Company paid TL 3.827.062 on 30 June 2011 and ultimately, there are no other liabilities related with "undue and on trial tax liabilities in dispute" under Law No: 6111.

There is no provision for tax litigations in the Company's financial statements as of 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 7.294.189).

The movement in provision for lawsuits for the periods ending 30 September is as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(3.118.039)	(2.393.095)
Additions in the period (Note 26)	(283.318)	(224.813)
Payments related to provisions	354.874	-
30 September	(3.046.483)	(2.617.908)

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NOTE 18 -PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Group's collaterals/pledge/mortgage ("CPM") position as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	<u>30 September 2011</u>		<u>31 December 2010</u>	
	<u>Foreign Currency</u>	<u>TL Equivalent</u>	<u>Foreign Currency</u>	<u>TL Equivalent</u>
A. CPM's given in the name of its own legal personality				
-Collaterals				
TL	3.115.724	3.115.724	4.835.628	4.835.628
Euro	25.000	62.893	25.000	51.228
-Mortgages				
TL	1.444.281	1.444.281	1.444.281	1.444.281
Euro	6.500.000	16.352.050	6.500.000	13.319.150
-Pledges-				
RUR	-	-	4.255.692.000	215.878.227
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully consolidated companies (1)				
-Commitments				
TL	846.970	846.970	1.080.648	1.080.648
USD	5.667.783	10.458.760	6.255.864	9.671.566
Euro	75.000	188.678	468.563	960.132
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of the business-				
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	-	-	-	-
i) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the majority shareholder	-	-	-	-
ii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of other group companies which are not in scope of B and C	-	-	-	-
iii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-	-
Total		32.469.356		247.240.860

(1) Commitments given regarding to the borrowings obtained for the main operations of the Group, that are intended to meet various financial needs of subsidiaries.

CPM's given by the Group

There is no CPM's given for third parties as indicated in the table above except CPM's given for their own legal entities.

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NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS

The commitments which the management does not expect losses and incidental liability commitments are summarized below:

a) Barter agreements:

The Group, as a common practice in the media sector, enters into barter agreements. These agreements involve the exchange of goods or services without cash collections or payments. As of 30 September 2011, in connection with the barter agreements, the Group has advertisement commitment amounting to TL 14.767.229 (31 December 2010: TL 3.804.414) and goods and services purchase rights amounting to TL 17.883.142 (31 December 2010: TL 6.230.238).

b) Lawsuits against the Group:

The lawsuits against the Group amount to TL 28.347.315 (31 December 2010: TL 28.600.841). The Group recognises provision related to cases when there is a legal or valid liability resulting from past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimation can be made of the amount of the obligation. As a result of these analyses, as of 30 September 2011 the Group has set a provision of TL 3.046.483 for lawsuits (31 December 2010: TL 3.118.039).

As at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 the Group's ongoing lawsuits are as follows;

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Legal lawsuits	19.486.968	19.529.609
Labor lawsuits	4.050.983	3.547.528
Commercial lawsuits	3.917.850	4.485.240
Administrative lawsuits	891.514	1.038.464
Total	28.347.315	28.600.841

c) Derivative financial instruments:

i) Swap transactions in foreign exchange

As of 30 September 2011 the Group accounted expense amounting to TL 4.180.912 (30 September 2010: 6.642.671) based on euro swap transactions related to the bank loan amounting USD 40.180.000 (30 September 2010: 40.180.000).

ii) Interest rate interval swap transactions

As of 30 September 2011, the Group has four CAP and collar agreements (31 December 2010: six CAP and collar amounting to USD 27.750.000) amounting to USD 14.000.000 with the purpose of hedging the interest rate risk. The agreements have fixed floor and ceiling rates. Accordingly, at the dates defined in agreements, if the LIBOR rate is below the floor rate, the Group has to compensate for the difference between the floor rate and the actual rate. Similarly, if the LIBOR rate is above the ceiling rate, banks compensate for the difference to the Group.

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NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

ii) Interest rate interval swap transactions (continued)

As of 30 September 2011 fixed floor and ceiling rates change between 3,0% and 5,6% (31 December 2010: 3,0% - 5,6%) and the main floating interest rate is LIBOR.

Financial expense recognised during the period regarding these agreements amounting to TL 67.612 (30 September 2010: TL 63.623).

iii) Interest rate swap transactions

Group had interest rate swap agreement in order to convert variable interest rate (Libor) of its loan debt, amounting to USD 80.282.530, to fixed interest rate. According to that agreement, interest cost of that loan, which was depending on 6-months Libor rate, has been fixed until 5 July 2011. Financial expense recognised during the period regarding these agreements amounted to TL 166.625 (30 September 2010: TL 1.273.260).

d) Put options:

The Group has the right to purchase 13% of non-controlling shares from non-controlling shareholders, provided that certain conditions are met related to the Group's subsidiary, Impress Media Marketing LLC ("Impress Media") which was acquired by OOO Pronto Moscow in January 2007. The Group has signed a new put option agreement valid between August 2011 and August 2015 for the remaining non-controlling shares of 10%. Net fair value of such option shall be calculated based on Impress Media's EBITDA or net sales revenue. Group, pursuant to an agreement signed in September of 2010, has had the option to purchase the remaining non-controlling shares of 3%. The fair value of the option will be determined based on calculation over the EBITDA of Impress Media. Based on the EBITDA of Impress Media, Group would gradually have a put option until 14% and a call option until 14%. As of 30 September 2011, the short-term portion of the fair value of the put option is TL 1.059.202 (31 December 2010: TL 763.724), long-term portion is nil as of 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: nil).

The Group has granted a put option, on the remainder of 30% shares during the acquisition of 70% interest of the shares in its subsidiary Oglasnik d.o.o. located in Croatia. As of 30 September 2011, the fair value of this option is TL 14.762.400 (USD 8.000.000) (31 December 2010: TL 12.366.454 (USD 8.000.000)) and classified in "other short-term financial liabilities". The negotiations related with using that put option is still continuing as of the date which the financial statements publicly announced.

The Group acquired a 55% interest in Moje Delo d.o.o. ("Moje Delo") in Slovenia. The Group paid an earn-out amounting to EUR 1 million. The Group has granted a buy put option to non-controlling interest owners from January 2009 to January 2012. Also, the Group presented call options to non-controlling interest owners exercisable from January 2011 to January 2014. Exercise price shall be calculated based on EBITDA and the net financial debt of Moje Delo. The fair value of the put option is TL 2.755.033 as of 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 700.338) and classified in "short-term financial liabilities".

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NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

d) Put options (continued):

Based on a protocol signed by the Group in 2010, the put option liability in relation to the 3,84% shares of non-controlling interests in Trader Media East Limited is exercisable until 2013.

The "put option" exercise price is USD 13 (exact). The Group will make a payment of US \$ 1million for each year the put option right is not exercised until 2013. Group has recognized a financial liability arising from the put option on 3,84% shares of Trader Media East Limited owned by "non-controlling interests", through a protocol signed by increasing other financial liabilities by TL 39.4 million, decreasing non-controlling interests by TL 13,9 million and also decreasing retained earnings/accumulated losses by TL 25,5 million in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended 30 June 2010. As of 30 September 2011, fair value of this call option is TL 46.132.500 (31 December 2010: TL 38.650.000).

However, there is a dispute about the protocol between the parties concerned and an arbitration process has begun in the presence of Zurich Chamber of Commerce. From the signing date of the protocol until today, there has been no payment made to the other party arising from the using of put option.

NOTE 20 – PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION BENEFITS

Provision for employment termination benefits at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Provision for employment termination benefits	23.911.523	21.660.771
Total	23.911.523	21.660.771

There are no pension plans and benefits other than the legal requirement as explained below.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Company is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, or who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men). At 30 September 2011, the amount payable maximum equals to one month of salary is TL 2.731,85 (31 December 2010: TL 2.517,01) for each year of service.

On the other hand Group is liable to make payments to personnel who work for a minimum of 5 years and whose employment is terminated without due cause in accordance with the Regulations with regards to Employees Employed in the Press Sector. The maximum payable amount is 30 days' salary for each year of service.

Employment termination benefit liabilities are not subject to any funding and there are no legal requirements for funding of these liabilities.

The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees.

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NOTE 20 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION BENEFITS (Continued)

No 19 "Employee Benefits" accounting standard (IAS 19) described by IASC, require actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total provision.

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Discount rate (%)	4,66	4,66
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement (%)	93	93

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability of TL 2.731,85 (31 December 2010: TL 2.517,01) for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. As the maximum liability is revised semi-annually, the maximum amount of TL 2.731,85 (1 January 2010: TL 2.623,23), which is effective from 1 July 2011, has been taken into consideration in calculating the reserve for employment termination benefit of the Group. As of 30 September 2011, the salaries have been taken into consideration in calculation for the employees under the Regulations with regards to Employees Employed in the Press Sector.

The movements in provision for employment termination benefits during the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(21.660.771)	(14.196.159)
Current period service charge	(3.807.007)	(4.489.501)
Interest expenses	(1.009.392)	(840.413)
Payments during the period and provisions terminated	2.565.647	2.609.759
30 September	(23.911.523)	(16.916.314)

NOTE 21 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other Current Assets

Other current assets at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Prepaid taxes and deductions (Note 30, 4.e)	8.838.225	16.615.504
Prepaid expenses (1)	8.793.621	6.061.075
Advances given to personnel	5.362.598	5.090.448
Value Added Tax ("VAT") receivables (Note 4.e)	2.979.573	1.806.606
Order advance given	2.030.899	292.464
Job advance	940.030	748.070
Income accruals	735.302	268.712
Provision for other doubtful receivable (-)	(834.075)	(559.652)
Other	5.465.714	2.912.260
Total	34.311.887	33.235.487

(1) Prepaid expenses are mostly composed of the prepaid rents and personnel salaries.

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NOTE 21 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Other Current Assets (Continued)

Movements of the provision for other doubtful receivables are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(559.652)	-
Additions during the period (Note 26)	(131.016)	
Currency translation difference	(143.407)	-
30 September	(834.075)	-

Other Non-Current Assets

Other current assets at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Advance given for property, plant and equipment	5.865.071	221.532
Blocked deposit with maturity more than one year (1)	-	15.460.000
Other	64.584	156.146
Total	5.929.655	15.837.678

(1) As of 31 December 2010, the Company has time deposits amounting to USD 10.000.000 which is blocked as collateral for the loans belonging to the subsidiaries. Due to the restructuring of the loan, the blocked deposit has been solved as of 3 May 2011 (Note 7).

Other short-term Liabilities

Other short-term liabilities at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Provision for unused vacation	12.402.556	10.351.123
Deferred revenue	12.017.144	8.918.189
VAT payables	5.768.408	3.897.466
Liabilities under the law No: 6111 (1)	5.446.228	-
Expense accruals	4.806.296	645.807
Due to non-controlling interests	-	367.948
Other	823.073	277.988
Total	41.263.705	24.458.521

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Other long-term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Liabilities under the law No: 6111 (1)	9.351.137	-
Other long-term liabilities	53.517	44.837
Total	9.404.654	44.837

(1) As announced publicly on 19 April, 2011, Group has benefited from the provisions "tax base increase" as well as "undue and on trial tax liabilities in dispute" of the Law Number 6111 which has become effective upon publication in the Official Gazette number 27857 (I. BIS) dated 25 February 2011.

In accordance with the provisions of Law No. 6111 related to increase of tax base, the Company and its 8 subsidiaries increased their tax bases for the fiscal years 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009. As a result, the total cash outflow will be TL 21.627.956 including interest. Ultimately, TL 1.193.051 of this total amount has been paid in cash in 30 June 2011 and registered as "other operating expense". An amount of TL 2.665.423 re-discount has been made with the remaining TL 20.434.905, amount which will be paid in 36 months, in 18 equal installments. TL 17.769.483, after deducting the effect of calculated discount amount of TL 2.665.423 is recognized under "other operating expenses" and "other short-term and long-term liabilities", respectively in the consolidated financial statements. As of 30 September 2011, in accordance with the scope of Law No. 6111, TL 2.972.117 capital and TL 433.699 interest payment, a total amount of TL 3.405.817 has been paid in cash. As of 30 September 2011, "tax base increase" debt amount is amounting to TL 14.797.365.

The movements in provision for unused vacation during the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	(10.351.123)	(9.428.016)
Additions (Note 4.h)	(7.290.798)	(675.500)
Payments made related to previous provisions	5.253.569	2.195.478
Reclassification of assets held for sale	313.701	-
Currency translation difference	(327.905)	120.617
30 September	(12.402.556)	(7.787.421)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 - EQUITY

The Company adopted the registered share capital system available to companies registered with the CMB and set a ceiling on its registered share capital representing registered type shares with a nominal value of TL 1. There are no privileged shares. The Company's historical authorised and paid-in share capital at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Paid-in share capital	552.000.000	552.000.000
Registered share capital	800.000.000	800.000.000

Companies in Turkey may exceed the limit for registered share capital in case of issuance of free capital shares to existing shareholders.

Aydın Doğan and Doğan family are the ultimate parent of the Company.

	30 September 2011	Share (%)	31 December 2010	Share (%)
Doğan Yayın Holding (1)	367.416.194	66,56	367.415.960	66,56
Doğan Holding (1)	61.200.274	11,09	61.200.274	11,09
Other	86.365	0,01	87.832	0,01
Publicly owned	123.297.167	22,34	123.295.934	22,34
	552.000.000	100	552.000.000	100
Adjustment to share capital	77.198.813		77.198.813	
Total share capital	629.198.813	100	629.198.813	100

(1) As of 30 September 2011 6,56 % (31 December 2010: 6,56%) of publicly owned shares belong to Doğan Yayın which is the main shareholder of the Group, and 11,09 % (31 December 2010: 11,09%) by Doğan Holding, which is the ultimate parent of the Group.

CMB within the framework of Resolution No. 21/655 dated 23 July 2010, according to CRA records, as at 30 September 2011, 21,15 % is considered to be in circulation, 39,98% and has open status.

Adjustment to share capital represents the difference between balances which restatement effect of cash contributions to share capital equivalent purchasing power and balance before the inflation adjustment calculated.

Due to tax principal and tax penalty notices communicated by the Tax Office, the shares that Doğan Yayın has in the share capital of the Company at a rate of 66,56% and which are maintained in the export/investment accounts of the Central Registry Institution and Intermediary Institution have been made inactive and lien on the transfer of shares which had been restricted. On 9 August 2011, lien and inactivity were released by the notice mode by Tax Office.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 – EQUITY (Continued)

Restricted reserves

Restricted reserves is reserves which are reserved from profit of previous period for particular purposes (for instance, to advantage from sales of investment in associates) except divided distribution or any purposes for necessity of law and agreement.

The legal reserves divide into first and second reserves appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (TCC). According to the TCC, the first legal reserve is appropriated out of statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash distributions in excess of 5% of the paid-in share capital. Under the TCC, the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid-in share capital. In accordance with the CMB Financial Reporting Standards, Company's restricted reserves amounting TL 34.266.877 (31 December 2010: TL 33.347.505) is consisting of legal reserves and gain on sales of shares in associates as of 30 September 2011.

Restricted reserves:	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
1. Composition restricted reserves	25.071.251	24.151.879
2. Composition restricted reserves	7.408.846	7.408.846
Gain on sales of shares in associates	1.786.780	1.786.780
Total	34.266.877	33.347.505

According to the result of inflation adjusted first financial statement arrangement, equity accounts of "Share Capital, Share Premium, Legal Reserves, Statutory Reserves, Special Reserves and Extraordinary reserves" are booked as their balance sheet values and total of the adjusted values of these accounts were booked in equity group "equity inflation adjustment differences" account. For all equity accounts, "equity inflation adjustment differences" could only be used for stock split or loss account; booked amounts of extraordinary reserves could only be used for stock split, cash dividend distribution or loss accounts.

However, in accordance with the CMB's Decree Volume: XI; No: 29 issued on 1 January 2008 and other related CMB's announcements, "Paid-in capital", "Restricted reserves" and "Premium in excess of par" should be carried at their registered amounts in statutory records. Restatement differences (e.g. inflation restatement differences) arising from the application of the Decree should be associated with:

- If the difference is arising due to the inflation adjustment of "Paid-in Capital" and not yet been transferred to capital should be classified under the "Inflation Adjustment to Share Capital";
- If the difference is due to the inflation adjustment of "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premium" and the amount has not been utilised in dividend distribution or capital increase yet, it shall be classified under "Retained Earnings";

Other equity items shall be carried at the amounts valued in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (“TL”) unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 – EQUITY (Continued)

Capital adjustment differences can only be included to capital.

Dividend distribution

Listed companies registered on ISE are required to distribute their dividends in accordance with the following criteria set out by CMB:

Upon the CMB’s Resolution No: 02/51 issued on 27 January 2010, there is no minimum level of dividend distribution requirement for the listed companies at the stock exchange for profits arising from operations in 2009 (2009: 20%). In this respect, companies will distribute their profits under the scope of the requirements of the CMB’s Communiqué No. IV-27, their own articles of association and their own publicly disclosed profit distribution policies.

Ordinary General Meeting held on 20 April 2011, according to Company’s consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2010 which was prepared in conformity with the IAS and IFRS; taking into consideration the “period’s tax expense”, “deferred tax income” as well as the non-controlling interests, a “Consolidated Net Term Loss” amounting to TL 40.079.404 has occurred. Based on Capital Markets Board’s profit distribution requirements, there cannot be any profit distribution related to 1 January 2010 – 31 December 2010 period, and in Company’s statutory individual financial records prepared in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code and the Tax Procedure Law, the profit for the year is TL 30.800.152, and after the corporate tax payable from this amount the net profit for the year is to TL 18.387.447. After deducting “I. Legal Reserves” in accordance with the article 466/1 of the Turkish Commercial Code from net profit for the year amount, the remaining amount of TL 17.468.075 will be transferred to the “extraordinary reserve”.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - SALES AND COST OF SALES

Sales

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Advertisement sales	413.911.626	127.349.407	381.155.928	120.923.205
Circulation and publishing sales	174.802.535	59.831.897	168.501.404	56.079.856
Other	41.328.139	13.093.783	37.641.315	13.316.631
Net Sales	630.042.300	200.275.087	587.298.647	190.319.692
Cost of sales	(400.311.869)	(133.462.567)	(351.710.170)	(117.728.118)
Gross profit	229.730.431	66.812.520	235.588.477	72.591.574

Cost of sales

The details of cost of sales for the periods ended 30 September are as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Raw materials	165.327.676	57.046.808	138.417.088	45.032.280
<i>Paper</i>	109.809.594	36.826.225	89.252.046	29.639.220
<i>Printing and ink</i>	41.330.169	15.461.688	35.990.756	12.393.266
<i>Other</i>	14.187.913	4.758.895	13.174.286	2.999.794
Payroll	130.699.211	42.580.009	118.146.978	40.786.423
Depreciation and amortization charges (Note 14)	30.689.298	9.946.163	33.100.563	10.701.258
Commission	15.460.845	5.555.026	12.394.848	4.496.165
Maintenance expenses	7.178.101	2.532.835	5.267.630	1.700.562
Distribution, storage and travel	7.029.943	2.401.742	5.671.094	1.923.693
Outsourcing expenses	5.336.893	1.687.262	5.324.610	1.658.461
Fuel, electricity and water and office expenses	5.319.005	1.890.850	5.250.711	1.793.186
Packaging expenses	4.390.094	1.486.290	4.436.436	1.290.912
Rent expense	4.282.684	1.631.517	3.041.638	1.028.186
Communication	3.384.830	1.196.879	2.785.172	923.864
News agency expenses	2.662.645	964.760	2.385.266	924.728
Other	18.550.644	4.542.426	15.488.136	5.468.400
	400.311.869	133.462.567	351.710.170	117.728.118

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES, MARKETING, SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

a) Marketing, selling and distribution expenses:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Advertisement	35.878.649	9.868.602	32.825.864	6.529.510
Transportation, storage and travel	19.290.753	6.007.598	17.605.258	5.744.305
Promotion	14.883.264	5.240.829	12.842.215	2.165.867
Payroll	12.043.919	5.481.364	8.220.204	2.873.672
Sponsorship	1.710.097	272.616	1.472.923	299.139
Outsourced services	1.199.397	202.043	1.669.417	369.651
Depreciation and amortization charges (Note 14,15)	375.749	129.173	463.549	150.184
Other	5.596.938	2.813.550	4.564.948	914.940
	90.978.766	30.262.351	79.664.378	19.047.268

b) General administrative expenses:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Payroll	41.849.770	14.639.175	33.110.765	10.748.858
Depreciation and amortization charges (Note 13,14,15)	33.412.718	11.207.932	29.940.846	10.313.841
Consultancy	12.521.171	4.203.489	11.872.068	4.173.415
Rent	8.034.697	2.392.008	8.116.004	2.685.989
Fuel, electricity and water	5.037.112	1.576.099	4.980.047	1.598.579
Transportation, storage and travel	3.338.438	1.100.794	3.590.250	1.185.939
Communication	2.887.374	992.640	2.946.838	921.867
Maintenance expenses	2.282.804	762.323	1.700.121	539.696
Other	10.478.495	2.943.360	10.486.890	3.336.327
	119.842.579	39.817.820	106.743.829	35.504.511

NOTE 25 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

The expenses as of 30 September 2011 and 2010 are shown based on the functions and the details are given in Notes 23 and 24.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME/EXPENSES

The details of other income and gains for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Rent and building service fees	3.929.973	1.321.448	2.111.757	649.810
Reversal of provision for tax penalty (1)	3.467.127	-	-	-
Reversed provisions	1.722.617	234.291	2.335.147	65.760
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment	69.059	39.821	915.203	158.295
Cancellation of provision for impairment of investment properties (Note 4)	92.972	92.972	3.149.107	217.920
Other	560.046	163.555	2.563.921	2.328.648
	9.841.794	1.852.087	11.075.135	3.420.433

(1) The part amounting TL 27.100.503 of Company's "undue and on trial tax liability in dispute" amounting to TL 30.895.416 has been restructured. The provision which was accounted in the financial statements as of 31 December 2010 was amounting to TL 7.294.189 and TL 3.467.127 of provision for tax penalty has been reversed.

The details of other expenses and losses as at and for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Tax base increase expense under Law: 6111 (Note 21,4)	18.962.533	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 9,21)	4.452.375	2.176.692	4.470.859	707.905
Competition authority penalty expense (Note 18)	2.853.530	-	-	-
Penalty and compensation expense	2.842.853	193.338	515.835	123.984
Loss on sale of property, plant, equipment and investment properties	2.293.894	1.422.970	3.860.431	425.155
Provision for investments accounted for by the equity method	994.361	994.361	-	-
Aids and donations	503.836	144.206	485.762	238.625
Provision for lawsuits (Note 18)	283.318	-	224.813	164.086
Impairment on investment properties (Note 4)	279.293	-	533.208	-
Provision for tax penalty	-	-	3.114.296	1.066.529
Other	6.270.746	4.371.854	6.979.422	363.880
	39.736.739	9.303.421	20.184.626	3.090.164

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 27 - FINANCIAL INCOME

The details of financial income for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Foreign exchange income	35.361.828	12.884.610	22.002.447	12.127.447
Due date difference income	5.904.111	1.332.766	4.971.357	727.132
Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, net	3.350.062	-	1.027.403	344.123
Time deposits interest income	3.020.769	1.444.993	7.621.523	1.269.573
Finance income from trade receivables	1.076.835	423.846	2.103.833	435.267
Other	1.142.629	37.672	176.410	5.063
	49.856.234	16.123.887	37.902.973	14.908.605

NOTE 28 – FINANCIAL EXPENSES

The details of financial expenses for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Foreign exchange loss	111.473.614	68.414.734	19.520.233	982.764
Interest expenses on borrowings	17.969.887	7.642.083	13.376.456	4.697.974
Credit commission, banking and factoring expenses	2.799.063	507.822	1.495.859	810.572
Tax base increase interest expense under Law: 6111 (Note 21,4)	433.699	433.699	-	-
Other	2.434.335	376.028	3.094.766	66.976
	135.110.598	77.374.366	37.487.314	6.558.286

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Group has launched legal procedures required to exit 51% owned subsidiary of the company OOO Pronto Petersburg. Related activities at the company are being continued at OOO Pronto Neva in Saint Petersburg.

As of 30 September 2011, assets held for sale and the breakdowns of asset and liabilities classified into liabilities regarding assets held for sale are as follows:

30 September 2011

Assets	1.166.230
Cash and cash equivalents	143.933
Trade receivables	1.729.046
-Trade receivables from related parties	1.348.914
-Other trade receivables	380.132
Other receivables	79.348
Inventory	47.978
Other current assets	162.386
Tangible assets	145.779
Intangible assets	23.989
Deferred tax assets	182.685
Receivables eliminated during the consolidation	(1.348.914)
Liabilities	1.455.942
Trade payables	2.932.182
-Trade payables to related parties	2.540.978
-Other trade payables	391.204
Other payables	212.210
Provisions	313.701
Other short term liabilities	538.827
Payables eliminated during the consolidation	(2.540.978)

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Corporate and income taxes payable	621.866	12.630.692
Less: Prepaid taxes (Note 21)	(8.838.225)	(16.615.504)
Taxes receivables	(8.216.359)	(3.984.812)
Deferred tax liabilities	128.431.330	117.314.791
Deferred tax assets (Note 4.e)	(13.442.036)	(10.966.263)
Deferred tax liabilities, net	114.989.294	106.348.528

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

The details of the effective tax laws in countries which Group has significant operations are stated below:

Turkey:

In accordance with Turkish Corporate Tax Law has been amended by Law No. 5520 dated 13 June 2006, corporation tax is 20% for 2011(2010: 20%). Corporation tax is payable on the total income of the companies after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, corporate income tax exemptions (gain from associates' exemption, investment allowances etc.) and corporate income tax deductions (like research and development expenditures deduction). No further tax is payable unless the profit is distributed.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, having representative office in Turkey, or resident corporations are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15%. An increase in capital is not considered as a profit distribution.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporation tax quarterly at the rate of 20% on their corporate income. Advance tax is to be declared by the 14th day of the second month following each calendar quarter end and is payable by the 17th of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Advance tax paid by corporations is credited against the annual corporation tax liability. The balance of the advance tax paid may be refunded or used to set off against other liabilities to the government.

In accordance with Tax Law No: 5024 "Law Related to Changes in Tax Procedure Law, Income Tax Law and Corporate Tax Law" that was published on the Official Gazette on 30 December 2003 to amend the tax base for non-monetary assets and liabilities, effective from 1 January 2004, the income and corporate taxpayers will prepare the statutory financial statements by adjusting the non-monetary assets and liabilities for the changes in the general purchasing power of the Turkish Lira. In accordance with the aforementioned law provisions, in order to apply inflation adjustment, cumulative inflation rate (TURKSTAT WPI) over last 36 months and 12 months must exceed 100% and 10%, respectively. Inflation adjustment has not been applied as these conditions were not fulfilled in the years 2010 and 2011.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns within the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the financial year to which they relate.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Turkey (continued):

Tax authorities can review accounting records within 5 years and if they determine any errors on the accounting records, tax payable can be reassessed.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years. Tax losses can not be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. As publicly disclosed on 19 April 2011, the Company plans to make use of the requirements set out in relation to "Tax Base Increase" in Law No: 6111 "Restructuring of some receivables and Social Security and General Health Insurance Law and Other Law Amending Certain Laws and Decrees"; therefore, 50% of losses attributable to the periods that are subject to tax base increase will not be offset against the income to be obtained in 2010 and subsequent periods.

As of 30 September 2011, the Company has offset its financial losses attributable to the calculation of offsetting of tax asset against deductible financial losses or current tax provision in accordance with the above-mentioned principles.

There are numerous exemptions in the Corporate Income Tax Law. This is one of the exceptions to the Company are described below:

Dividend income from shares in capital of another corporation subject to resident taxpaying (except dividends from investment funds participation certificates and investment trusts shares) are exempt from corporate tax.

Gains from issued premiums derived from the disposal of sales at nominal values during incorporations and the capital increase of joint stock companies are exempt from corporate tax.

For companies participating in 10% or more of the capital of a non-resident limited liability or joint stock company,(except for those whose principal activity is financial leasing or investment property) for at least one year until the date of the income is generated and transferred to Turkey until the date of the filing of the corporate income tax return of the fiscal year in which the income is generated is exempt from corporation tax subject to those subsidiaries being subject to corporate income tax, or alike, in their country of legal residence or business centre at the rate of at least 15% (minimum corporate income tax applicable in Turkey for those whose principal activity is finance assurance or insurance)

The income of corporations arising from their offices or permanent representatives abroad (except for corporations whose principal activity is financial leasing or investment of marketable securities) for at least a year until the date of the income is generated and transferred to Turkey until the date of the filing of the corporate income tax return of the fiscal year in which the income is generated is exempt from corporation tax and provided that the foreign office or permanent representative must be subject to corporate income tax, or alike, in the country it is located at the rate of at least 15% (at corporate income tax rate applicable in Turkey for those companies whose principal activity is financial assurance or insurance).

75% of the gains derived from the sale of preferential rights, usufruct shares and founding shares from investment equity and real property which has remained in assets more than two full years are exempt from corporate tax. To be entitled to the exemption, the relevant gain is required to be held in a fund account in liabilities and it must be withdrawn from the entity for a period of five years. The sales consideration should be collected until the end of the second calendar year following the year the sale was realized.

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NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Turkey (continued):

The investment allowance application which had been in force for a significant period of time; and indicated that the taxpayer may receive 40% of the fixed asset purchase amounts; was abolished by Law No.5479 dated 30 December 2006. However, in accordance with the temporary article 69 of the Income Tax Law, income and corporate taxpayers can deduct the amounts in relation to below mentioned allowances from their income for the year 2006 as well as the investment allowances amounts they could not offset against 2006 gains which were present as of 2006, in accordance with the legislation (including the provisions related to tax rates) in force as of 2006:

- a) In the scope of the investment incentive certificates prepared related to the applications before 24 April 2003, investments to be made after 1 January 2006 in the scope of the certificate for the investments started in accordance with the additional 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th articles prior to the abrogation of Income Tax Law, dated 9 April 2003 with No. 193 and Law No. 4842,
- b) In the scope of the abolished 19th article of Income Tax Law No: 193, the investment allowance amounts to be calculated in accordance with the legislation, the investments which were started before 1 January 2006 and which display an economic and technical integrity,

The Companies can utilize the investment allowance exemption, for their investments performed according to provisions of the legislation as of that date and for their subsequent investments in line with the provisions of the legislation (including provisions regarding tax rates) in calculating tax on their profits for only 2008. Accordingly, above mentioned profits within trade income/loss are considered in the calculation of corporate income tax.

Apart from the above mentioned exceptions in the determination of the corporate tax base, allowances cited in the articles 8, 9 and 10 of Corporate Tax Law and article 40 of Income Tax Law are taken into consideration.

Russian Federation

The corporate tax rate effective in Russian Federation is 20% (2010: 20%).

Russian tax year is the calendar year and other fiscal year ends are not permitted. Profit tax is calculated on a year-to-date basis. Advance payments are made monthly, with different calculation methods for quarterly or monthly schedules subject to the taxpayer's choice.

The annual balance is due by 28 March of the following year. According to Russian Federation's tax system, losses may be carried forward for 10 years to be deducted from future taxable income. Starting from 2007 there is no limitation as to the maximum amount that can be deducted in each particular year. Maximum amount that can be deducted in any year is limited to 30% of the taxable income (2010: 30%). Rights related to tax losses that have not been utilized in the related periods will be lost.

Tax refunds are technically possible but are very difficult to obtain in practice. Often they can only be obtained through court action. Tax consolidations of tax reporting/ payments by different legal entities (or grouping) are not permitted in Russia at present. Generally, dividend income payable to a foreign organization is subject to withholding tax at 15%. This standard rate may, however, be reduced under the provisions of applicable double tax treaty.

In Russian Federation the tax regulations are subject to various comments and change frequently. Regarding to TME's operations the interpretation of tax regulations by tax authorities may differ from the management.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Hungary

The corporate tax rate effective in Hungary is 19% (2010: 19%).

According to Hungary's tax system, there is no time limit while transporting financial damages. The tax authority's permission is needed to carry forward the tax-year's losses if a company's pre-tax profit is negative and its income is less than 50% of its costs and expenses or the company's tax base was also negative in the previous two years.

From 1 January 2007, capital gains from the sale of registered shareholdings are tax-exempt, provided that the taxpayer has held the shareholding for at least two years prior to its disposal. The two-year holding period has been reduced to one year from 1 January 2008. Capital losses and impairments on registered shares are not deductible for corporate income tax purposes.

Croatia

The corporate tax rate effective in Croatia is 20% (2010: 20%).

There are no formal procedures in Croatia to agree the final level of tax charge upon submission of the declaration for corporate tax and VAT. However, such tax charges may be subject to review by the relevant tax authorities during the limitation period of three years. The limitation period of three years starts with the year that follows the year of submission of tax declarations. The counting of three years starts again with any action of tax authorities with the purpose to collect tax, interest or fines until absolute statute of limitation of 6 years expires.

Tax losses may be carried forward and used within five years following the year in which they were incurred. When paying fees for the use of intellectual property, market research services, tax and business consultation, auditing and similar services, and interest to foreign legal persons, Croatian taxpayers are obliged to withhold and pay 15% tax.

Slovenia

The corporate tax rate effective in Slovenia is 20% (2010: 20%).

According to Slovenia's tax system, there is no time limit while transporting financial damages. Capital gains arising from mergers, stock sales provided 50% capital gains are tax-free. Capital losses can not be considered as a deduction in calculation of corporate income tax. Foreign mercenary corporation tax computations, tax and foreign mercenaries paid on foreign currency income tax deduction equal to the difference between the corporate tax base can be used in Slovenia.

The Group calculates its deferred tax assets and liabilities, considering the effects of temporary differences which result from different evaluations of principles of preparation of the financial statements and legal financial statements mentioned in Note 2.1.1. Those temporary differences usually cause income and loss to be accounted for in different reporting periods in accordance with the principles of preparation of the financial statements and tax laws mentioned in Note 2.1.1.

As of 30 September 2011 deferred income taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realized or settled based on the taxable income in coming years under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 20% (31 December 2010: 20%).

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Ukraine

On December 2010, the Tax Code of Ukraine (the "TCU" or the "Code") was adopted and officially published. The TCU comes into effect on 1 January 2011, although some of its provisions come into effect at a later date (the most important of these being Section III, which deals with corporate income tax and came into effect on 1 April 2011). The Code makes essential changes to the existing Ukrainian tax rules, introducing a number of concepts common in other jurisdictions (e.g. beneficial ownership, substance over form) to various degrees.

The tax that companies pay is known as corporate income tax (CIT). Currently, this tax is calculated at a flat rate of 23%. The most recent changes to Ukrainian tax legislation envisage a gradual reduction in CIT rates, as follows:

23% from 1 April 2011 until 31 December 2011;
21% from 1 January 2012 until 31 December 2012;
19% from 1 January 2013 until 31;
16% from 1 January 2014 onwards.

According to domestic tax accounting rules, taxable items are normally recognized on the basis of the accrual method. In accordance with this method, taxable income is generally recognized in the reporting period, in which it was accrued. Cost of sold goods/services is recognized in the period when income is recognized (i.e. in line with financial accounting rules).

Other deductible expenses are generally recognized when they are incurred (i.e. upon receipt of goods or services), regardless of the period of payment. However, certain types of taxable income are recognized on a cash basis. This includes fines and financial assistance received from non-residents (unless financial assistance is provided by the company's shareholders and returned within 365 days).

Gross taxable income is defined as any income, from domestic or foreign sources, that is received or accrued by the taxpayer in the course of conducting any activity. This income may be in monetary, tangible or intangible form.

The tax year for CIT is a calendar year, while CIT reporting periods are a calendar quarter, half year, first three quarters and calendar year. Taxpayers must submit tax returns for each reporting period and make quarterly tax payments. Quarterly tax returns must be submitted within 40 days of the last calendar day of each reporting period (i.e. 10 May, 9 August, 9 November, 9 February). Quarterly tax payments should be made within 50 days of the end of a reporting period.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Belarus

The corporate tax rate effective in Belarus is 24%.

The tax period is the calendar year. Profit tax is calculated as progressive total. Advance payments are made quarterly, on the basis of either the previous year results or expected current year profits.

The annual corporate tax declaration is due by 20 March of the following year. Tax loss carry forward is not allowed.

Tax refunds are possible. Tax consolidations of tax reporting/payments by different legal entities (or grouping) are not permitted in Belarus at present. Generally, dividend income payable to a foreign organization is subject to withholding tax at 12%. This standard rate may, however, be reduced under the provisions of applicable double tax treaty.

The Belarus tax regulations change frequently.

Kazakhstan

Under the Tax Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan companies shall pay the CIT on taxable income at a 20% rate.

According to the Tax Code, taxable income is defined as the difference between gross annual income and deductible expenses provided for under the Tax Code taking into account adjustments made. Gross annual income is defined as any income, from domestic or foreign sources, that is received or accrued by a taxpayer during the tax period. This income may be in monetary, tangible or intangible form.

Deductible expenses should be directly associated with generating taxable income from activities performed by a company. An accrual method is applied with respect to income and expenses determination for CIT purposes. According to the tax legislation, losses may be carried forward for 10 years to be deducted from future taxable income.

A tax period for CIT is a calendar year. A taxpayer is to forecast its expected taxable income and calculate advance monthly payments which are due not later than 25th day of each month of the reporting year. The annual CIT return is due by 31 March of the year following the reporting year. Should actual CIT liability be different from the initially estimated advances, taxpayers may correct their tax liabilities during the tax year but not later than 20 December of the reporting tax period. There are other special requirements relative to calculation of advance payments in the Tax Code. The following taxpayers shall be entitled not to calculate and make CIT advance payments:

- Taxpayers whose gross annual income after adjustments for the tax period preceding the previous tax period, did not exceed 325 times the monthly calculation index set by the law on the state budget and effective at January 1 of the relevant financial year;
- Newly created taxpayers – during the tax period in which state registration (record of registration) was carried out with the justice authorities, and also during the subsequent tax period.
- Non-resident legal entities newly registered with the tax authorities as taxpayers, and operating in Kazakhstan through a permanent establishment (PE) without a branch or representative office – during the tax period in which registration with the tax bodies was carried out, and also during the subsequent tax period.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Country</u>	<u>Tax rates (%)</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Tax rates (%)</u>
Germany	28,0	Kazakhstan	20,0
Croatia	20,0	Hungary	19,0
Belarus	24,0	Holland	25,5
Russia	20,0	Ukraine	25,0
Slovenia	20,0		

The temporary differences giving rise to deferred income tax assets/ (liabilities) using the enacted tax rates as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	<u>Total temporary differences</u>		<u>Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Carry forward tax losses (1)	10.751.964	6.862.952	2.151.117	1.372.807
Difference between tax base and carrying value of trade receivables	14.707.192	14.481.175	2.846.010	2.812.282
Provision for employment termination benefits and unused vacation rights	36.314.079	32.011.894	7.188.175	6.192.819
Difference between tax base and carrying value of leasing payables	239.722	948.468	68.561	271.262
Deferred revenue	1.870.949	1.220.548	359.917	253.889
Difference between tax bases and carrying value of property, plant and equipment and intangibles	(658.799.329)	(609.650.118)	(132.078.184)	(121.648.625)
Other	(33.308.529)	(32.475.228)	4.475.110	4.397.038
Total	(628.223.952)	(586.600.309)	(114.989.294)	(106.348.528)

Deferred tax assets:	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
To be recovered after one year	12.948.330	10.581.204
To be recovered within one year	493.706	385.059
Total	13.442.036	10.966.263

Deferred tax liabilities:	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
To be recovered after more than one year	(128.746.667)	(117.029.983)
To be recovered within one year	315.337	(284.808)
Total	(128.431.330)	(117.314.791)

(1) Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. As of 30 September 2011, carry forward tax losses for which no deferred income tax asset was recognised amounted to TL 97.868.546 (31 December 2010: TL 75.873.386).

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The maturity analysis of carry forward tax losses are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
2011	156.541	313.083
2013	757.688	1.515.376
2014 and after	9.837.735	5.034.493
Total	10.751.964	6.862.952

The movements in deferred tax liabilities for the periods ended 30 September are as follows:

	2011	2010
1 January	106.348.528	124.616.282
Deferred tax income at the consolidated statement of income	(5.968.119)	(7.883.792)
Currency translation differences	14.426.200	(6.129.297)
Reclassification of assets held for sale	182.685	-
30 September	114.989.294	110.603.193

The analysis of the tax expenses/(income) for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July- 30 September	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September
Current	4.054.626	(3.919.151)	23.822.073	10.408.827
Deferred	(5.968.119)	(108.732)	(7.883.792)	(4.151.241)
	(1.913.493)	(4.027.883)	15.938.281	6.257.586

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The reconciliation of the taxation on expense in the consolidated statement of income for the periods ended at 30 September and the taxation on income calculated with the current tax rate over income before tax and non-controlling interest is as follows:

	30 September 2011	30 September 2010
Loss before taxes and non-controlling interests	(102.942.974)	33.625.864
Current period tax income calculated at the effective tax rates of countries	(15.131.578)	7.029.485
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	8.438.509	9.352.015
Current period financial losses	2.185.244	2.712.624
Carry forward losses utilized	(170.613)	-
Effect of financial losses which the deferred tax assets not calculated	1.968.620	548.464
Income exempt from tax	(209.603)	(367.972)
Withholding tax relating to dividend distribution	-	2.416.796
Effect of share losses investments accounted for by the equity method	1.340.550	1.404.992
Other, net	(334.622)	(7.158.123)
Tax (expense) / income	(1.913.493)	15.938.281

NOTE 31 – (LOSS)/PROFIT PER SHARE

Basic losses per shares are calculated by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue. Calculation is as follows:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
(Loss)/profit for the period	(91.075.474)	(62.518.234)	21.084.136	17.165.342
Number of ordinary shares in issue (with nominal value of TL 1 each)	552.000.000	552.000.000	552.000.000	552.000.000
(Loss)/Profit per share (TL)	(0,1650)	(0,1133)	3,82	3,11

There are no differences for any of the periods between earnings per share and diluted earnings per share.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, partners have the power control over the company alone or jointly; in this partnership, persons who have management control at; group of companies which are controlled by those persons directly or indirectly, the Company's key management personnel and Members of the Board of Directors, Companies and Organizations controlled by their immediate family members and them directly or indirectly are considered as related parties. Related party balances and transactions are listed below.

i) Balances of Related parties

Short term receivables due from related parties:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Doğan Gazetecilik A.Ş. ("Doğan Gazetecilik")	10.100.082	9.205.838
Doğan Media International GmbH ("Doğan Media")	7.364.805	292.002
Doğan Dağıtım Satış ve Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Dağıtım")	3.223.698	2.020.401
Medyanet İletişim Reklam Pazarlama ve Turizm A.Ş. ("Medyanet")	2.608.621	3.992.543
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda")	1.393.537	1.271.363
Doğan TV Digital Platform İşl. A.Ş.	632.567	-
Doğan Portal ve Elektronik Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Portal")	46.210	621.823
Bağımsız Gazeteciler Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Bağımsız Gazeteciler") (1)	-	1.202.107
Doğan Yayın Holding	-	86.676
DTV Haber ve Görsel Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kanal D")	-	3.795.275
Other	1.967.475	2.241.802
	27.336.995	24.729.830

(1) Bağımsız Gazeteciler is considered as a related party until 2 May 2011 which is the date of completion of Doğan Holding's Bağımsız Gazeteciler shares sales.

Short term due to related parties:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Doğan Yayın Holding	2.161.564	105.274
Doğan Factoring	1.091.187	-
Doğan İletişim Elektronik Servis Hizmetler ve Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Doğan İletişim")	918.705	529.440
Doğan Dış Ticaret ve Müessesilik A.Ş. ("Doğan Dış Ticaret")	226.795	1.843.857
Milta Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. ("Milta")	237.522	179.721
D-Market Elektronik Hizmetleri Ticaret A.Ş. ("D Market")	10.511	1.622
Other	1.144.562	769.949
	5.790.846	3.429.863

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 32 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

i) Balances of Related parties (Continued)

Non-trade short-term receivables from related parties:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Doğan Media (Note 10)	6.678.626	-
	6.678.626	-

ii) Significant transactions with related parties:

Transactions in related parties for the periods ended as of 30 September 2011 and 30 September 2010 are as follows;

Significant service and product sales to related parties:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Doğan Dağıtım	73.232.871	24.541.732	71.597.220	23.712.736
Doğan Gazetecilik	21.933.389	6.297.334	25.396.507	7.831.595
Doğan Media	11.404.028	4.335.649	10.276.423	3.835.055
Medyanet	6.701.494	2.158.362	5.566.551	1.532.028
Doğan Burda	4.239.653	1.293.895	4.106.822	1.300.370
Bağımsız Gazeteciler (2)	1.181.807	-	3.561.762	1.147.402
Lapis Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş.	1.089.044	167.516	-	-
Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş.	1.006.338	37.061	1.734.638	556.296
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve Yapımcı Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont")	901.347	272.028	811.591	234.616
Doğan Müzik Kitap Mağazacılık Pazarlama A.Ş.	355.435	82.080	132.965	26.455
Doğan İletişim	334.641	125.893	648.213	140.243
Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan TV")	42.621	5.034	46.168	-
Milliyet Verlags	-	-	685.700	-
Turner Doğan Prodüksiyon A.Ş. ("Turner")	-	-	436.028	-
Eko Televizyon Yayıncılık A.Ş.	-	-	109.189	5.585
Petrol Ofisi A.Ş.(1)	-	-	19.272	-
Other	6.874.763	2.901.052	8.597.628	3.283.593
	129.297.431	42.217.636	133.726.677	43.605.974

(1) Petrol Ofisi is considered as a related party until 22 December 2010 which is the date of completion of the Doğan Holding's Petrol Ofisi shares sales to OVM.

(2) Bağımsız Gazeteciler is considered as a related party until 2 May 2011 which is the date of completion of Doğan Holding's Bağımsız Gazeteciler shares sales.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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NOTE 32 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Significant transactions with related parties (Continued)

Significant service and product purchases from related parties:

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Işıl İthalat (1)	53.581.147	16.617.709	40.135.787	13.859.335
Doğan Dış Ticaret (1)	49.466.771	17.780.609	42.865.990	13.904.931
Doğan Dağıtım (2)	16.126.353	5.447.364	13.384.453	3.610.297
Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş.	5.544.413	1.950.702	4.986.536	1.852.021
Doğan İletişim	2.995.242	879.337	2.734.734	995.028
Milta	1.534.974	520.236	1.545.415	383.515
D Yapım Reklamcılık ve Dağıtım A.Ş. ("D Yapım Reklamcılık")	500.031	56.750	938.167	938.167
Kanal D	46.931	21.431	2.303.543	-
Işıl Televizyon Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Star TV")	8.200	5.000	1.169.552	-
Petrol Ofisi(3)	-	-	1.457.183	501.858
Other	6.831.268	4.163.708	2.890.904	1.080.846
	136.635.330	47.442.846	114.412.264	37.125.998

- (1) The Group purchases raw materials primarily from Doğan Dış Ticaret and Işıl İthalat. The increase in current period is related to the increase of unit price of paper from USD 612 per tones to USD 748 per tones.
- (2) Doğan Dağıtım provides newspaper distribution services to the Group. The amount of services and goods purchased from Doğan Dağıtım comprises newspaper returns, distribution and transportation expenses.
- (3) Petrol Ofisi is considered as a related party until 22 December 2010 which is the date of completion of the Doğan Holding's Petrol Ofisi shares sales to OMV.

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Other income:				
Işıl İthalat	697.031	232.343	647.337	215.772
Doğan Dağıtım	657.717	220.714	662.483	203.768
Doğan Burda	541.928	180.659	481.089	152.573
Doğan Dış Ticaret	490.100	162.331	538.539	163.568
Doğan Media	294.318	105.186	272.392	83.867
Doğan İletişim	118.175	48.807	110.445	35.175
Doğan Yayın Holding	72.779	25.074	201.318	56.598
Other	351.979	118.158	581.538	190.159
	3.224.027	1.093.272	3.495.141	1.101.480

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Significant transactions with related parties (Continued)

Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset:

Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset:	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Doğan İletişim	177.848	-	662.811	116.994
D-Market	17.859	8.784	445.299	116.411
Doğan Yayın Holding	-	-	47.560	-
Doğan Gazetecilik	-	-	5.095.000	-
Other	-	-	16.726	16.726
	195.707	8.784	6.267.396	250.131

Financial income:	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Medyanet	105.538	11.153	356.667	-
Doğan Yayın Holding	1.280	-	-	-
Kanal D	-	-	660.311	160.257
Bağımsız Gazeteciler (2)	-	-	41.089	-
Other	105.496	84.950	14.832	-
	212.314	96.103	1.072.899	160.257

Financial expenses:	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Doğan Factoring (1)	972.359	473.861	592.610	183.356
Doğan Yayın Holding	19.351	211	1.110	263
Bağımsız Gazeteciler (2)	1.474	-	28.657	-
Doğan Dağıtım	97.555	-	-	-
	1.090.739	474.072	622.377	183.619

(1) Invoicing and controlling of Group's commercial advertisement and collection of these commercial advertisement receivables are made by Doğan Factoring, commissions paid for these services are accounted in financial expenses.

(2) Bağımsız Gazeteciler is considered as a related party until 2 May 2011 which is the date of completion of Doğan Holding's Bağımsız Gazeteciler shares sales.

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Significant transactions with related parties (Continued)

Key Management Personnel:

The Group determined the key management personnel as board of directors and executive committee. Benefits provided to key management personnel consist of benefits such as wage, premium, health insurance and transportation.

	2011		2010	
	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September	1 January - 30 September	1 July - 30 September
Salaries and other short term benefits	4.068.021	1.388.443	3.410.064	1.186.479
Post-employment benefits	-	-	105.837	58.792
Total	4.068.021	1.388.443	3.515.901	1.245.271

HÜRRİYET GAZETECİLİK VE MATBAACILIK A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

33.1 Financial Risk Management

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate sensitive financial instruments are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Financial instruments with fixed interest rate		
Loans and receivables	104.988.876	69.743.339
Financial Assets		
- <i>Designated at fair value through profit or loss (1)</i>	-	18.855.213
Financial Liabilities	182.078.113	7.354.467
Financial instruments with floating interest rate		
Financial liabilities	418.444.606	499.025.964

- (1) Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss consists of treasury bills and government bonds.

The Group management uses interest bearing short term assets within natural policy context to stabilize the maturity of the interest bearing liabilities and assets. Furthermore, the Group hedges interest rate risks arising from floating rate borrowings, by limited use of derivatives, such as interest rate swaps.

At 30 September 2011, had the interest rates on USD and Euro denominated borrowings been 100 basis point higher/lower with all other variables held constant, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings; net loss for the period before tax and non-controlling interests would have been lower/higher by TL 1.389.169 (30 September 2010: TL 740.857).

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(ii) Liquidity risk

The table below shows the liquidity risk arises from financial liabilities of the Group:

30 September 2011	Carrying value	Total contractual cash outflow	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities (Note 7)	600.522.719	640.940.193	56.670.066	179.846.666	403.899.195	524.266
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	66.968.107	66.968.107	-	66.968.107	-	-
Trade payables						
- Related party (Note 32)	5.790.846	5.790.846	5.790.846	-	-	-
- Other (Note 9)	33.720.708	33.720.708	29.981.030	3.739.678	-	-
Other payables (Note 10)	18.802.808	18.802.808	18.582.108	-	220.700	-
Other short and long term liabilities (Note 21)	14.797.365	14.797.365	5.446.228	-	9.351.137	-
31 December 2010	Carrying value	Total contractual cash outflow	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities (Note 7)	506.380.431	538.185.034	80.569.514	160.025.751	296.894.616	695.153
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	57.082.687	57.082.687	-	57.082.687	-	-
Trade payables						
- Related party (Note 32)	3.429.863	3.429.863	3.429.863	-	-	-
- Other (Note 9)	33.994.339	33.994.339	32.743.625	1.250.714	-	-
Other payables						
- Related party (Note 32)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Other (Note 10)	18.484.007	18.484.007	18.336.488	-	147.519	-

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(ii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

Funding risk of current and future debt requirements is managed by continuance of sufficient and highly qualified creditor's access. The Group aims at maintaining cash and cash equivalents for the anticipated cash flows of raw material purchase for the subsequent six-months.

The liquidity table demonstrates the Group's net financial liabilities in accordance with the redemption schedule. Such amounts are undiscounted future cash flows of financial liabilities of the Group. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

At 30 September 2011, the Group has long-term bank borrowings amounting to TL 338.262.324 (31 December 2010: TL 221.167.354) and long-term trade payables to suppliers amounting to TL 45.970.376 (31 December 2010: TL 54.991.092) (Note 7).

(iii) Credit Risk

Ownership of financial assets involves the risk that counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of their agreements. These risks are monitored by limiting the credit amount of any individual counterparty. The credit risk is generally highly diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the customer bases.

Aging analysis for trade receivables:

As of 30 September 2011 there are past due but not impaired trade receivables amounting to TL 78.100.797 (31 December 2010: TL 54.847.243). The Group does not foresee any collection risk for the delay up to one month due to sector dynamics and conditions. The Group restructures the trade receivables by applying due date differences which are due over one month and/or the Group does not foresee any collection risk since they are under coverage of guarantees such as mortgage, indemnity or guarantee notes. As of 30 September 2011, the amount of mortgage and indemnity received is TL 13.163.108 for the related receivables.

As of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010, aging analysis for trade receivables that are past due but not impaired are as follows:

	30 September 2011		31 December 2010	
	Related party	Other receivables	Related party	Other receivables
0-1 months	1.339.520	22.016.435	940.023	18.755.712
1-3 months	2.091.126	28.228.404	290.467	12.784.980
3-6 months	2.585.295	9.198.434	-	8.806.217
6-12 months	503.140	7.427.191	-	7.396.581
1-2 years	-	4.711.252	-	5.873.263
	6.519.081	71.581.716	1.230.490	53.616.753

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iii) Credit Risk (Continued)

As of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010, aging analysis for trade receivables that are past due and impaired is as follows:

<i>Impaired</i>	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Past due 0 - 3 months	1.575.887	687.970
Past due 3 - 6 months	1.411.655	1.600.110
Past due 6 months and over	50.545.337	46.967.993
Less: Provision for impairment	(53.532.879)	(49.256.073)

The balance of related party receivables that are past due and impaired as of 30 September 2011 is TL 899.004 (31 December 2010: TL 899.004). There is no trade receivable which is over due and impaired as at 30 September 2011.

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iii) Credit Risk (Continued)

The Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 30 September 2011 is as follows:

30 September 2011	Trade receivables		Other receivables		Bank deposits
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	
Maximum credit risk exposure as of balance sheet date	27.336.995	193.727.698	6.678.626	1.410.876	123.472.895
- The part of maximum credit risk-under guarantee with collateral	-	30.841.721	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are not past due/impaired	20.817.914	122.145.982	6.678.626	1.410.876	123.472.895
B. Net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated if not that will be accepted as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired (Note 9)	6.519.081	71.581.716	-	-	-
- The part under guarantee with collateral	-	4.431.721	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired asset					
- Past due (gross carrying amount)	899.004	53.532.879	-	834.075	-
- Impairment (-)	(899.004)	(53.532.879)	-	(834.075)	-
- The part of net value under guarantee with collateral	-	-	-	-	-
- Not over due (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value under guarantee with collateral	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items with credit risk	-	-	-	-	-

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iii) Credit Risk (Continued)

The Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 31 December 2010 is as follows:

31 December 2010	Trade receivables		Other receivables		Bank deposits	Other assets
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other		
Maximum credit risk exposure as of balance sheet date	24.729.830	161.774.534	-	3.191.584	88.759.624	15.460.000
- <i>The part of maximum credit risk under guarantee with collateral</i>	-	<i>30.833.701</i>	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are not past due/impaired	23.499.340	108.157.781	-	3.191.584	88.759.624	15.460.000
B. Net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, if not that will be accepted as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired (Note 9)	1.230.490	53.616.753	-	-	-	-
- <i>The part under guarantee with collateral</i>	-	<i>4.423.701</i>	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired asset						
- Past due (gross carrying amount)	-	49.256.073	-	559.652	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(49.256.073)	-	(559.652)	-	-
- The part of net value under guarantee with collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not over due (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value under guarantee with collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items with credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iv) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through the impact of rate changes in the translation of foreign currency denominated liabilities to TL. These risks are monitored and limited by the analysis of foreign currency position.

The foreign exchange risk mainly arises from the impact of rate changes in the translation of the Group's foreign currency denominated borrowings which are obtained to fund capital expenditures in domestic and overseas operations. (The risk is monitored in regular meetings.) The Group maintains a certain portion of its excess cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency to minimize the currency risk exposure.

The Group's risk management policy for currency risk is to maintain sufficient liquid assets for the anticipated cash flows of raw material purchase and borrowing repayment amounts in each major foreign currency for the subsequent three to six months. However, this policy should be revised by the management when deemed necessary, according to market conditions.

TL equivalents of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Assets	121.008.201	128.188.093
Liabilities	(707.804.391)	(593.426.277)
Net foreign currency position	(586.796.190)	(465.238.184)

Following exchange rates have been used in the translation of foreign currency denominated balance sheet items as of 30 September 2011: 1,8453 TL= 1 USD and 2,5157 TL=1 Euro (31 December 2010: 1,546 TL= 1 USD and 2,0491 TL=1 Euro).

Assets denominated in foreign currency amounting TL 121.008.201 as of 30 September 2011, hedged 17 % naturally by the existence of liabilities denominated in foreign currency amounting TL 707.804.391. Assets denominated in foreign currency amounting TL 128.188.093 as of 31 December 2010, hedged 22% naturally by the existence of liabilities denominated in foreign currency amounting to TL 593.426.277.

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iv) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The table summarizes the foreign currency position risk as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010. The carrying amount of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities of the Group are as follows:

30 September 2011

	USD Original amount	TL	Euro Original amount	TL	Other TL	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	32.677.823	60.300.386	1.077.460	2.710.567	17.866.652	80.877.605
Trade receivables	264.274	487.664	4.326.768	10.884.849	10.328.144	21.700.657
Other receivables and current assets	202.590	373.839	24.472	61.565	17.914.172	18.349.576
Other non-current assets	8.550	15.777	6.602	16.608	47.978	80.363
	33.153.237	61.177.666	5.435.302	13.673.589	46.156.946	121.008.201
Liabilities:						
Short-term liabilities and short-term portion of long-term financial liabilities (Note 7)	80.427.979	148.413.750	19.856.304	49.952.505	17.923.764	216.290.019
Trade payables	782.007	1.443.038	1.635.323	4.113.981	7.949.552	13.506.571
Other payables and short-term liabilities	26.758.000	49.376.538	1.505.018	3.786.175	40.558.871	93.721.584
Long-term financial liabilities	184.076.648	339.676.638	8.409.073	21.154.704	23.401.358	384.232.700
Other non-current liabilities (Note 21)	-	-	-	-	53.517	53.517
	292.044.634	538.909.964	31.405.718	79.007.365	89.887.062	707.804.391
Net foreign currency position	(258.891.397)	(477.732.298)	(25.970.416)	(65.333.776)	(43.730.116)	(586.796.190)

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iv) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

31 December 2010

	USD Original amount	TL	Euro Original amount	TL	Other TL	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	25.654.185	39.661.370	9.258.025	18.970.619	13.563.658	72.195.647
Trade receivables	286.728	443.281	1.712.006	3.508.072	7.163.739	11.115.092
Financial assets (Note 6)	12.196.127	18.855.213	-	-	-	18.855.213
Other receivables and current assets	213.590	330.210	34.951	71.619	9.988.706	10.390.535
Other non-current assets	10.010.000	15.475.460	6.036	12.368	143.778	15.631.606
	48.360.630	74.765.534	11.011.018	22.562.678	30.859.881	128.188.093
Liabilities:						
Short-term liabilities and short-term portion of long-term financial liabilities (Note 7)	96.256.957	148.813.255	31.657.230	64.868.831	16.511.360	230.193.446
Trade payables	436.149	674.286	2.337.724	4.790.230	7.934.072	13.398.588
Other payables and short-term liabilities	25.757.018	39.820.350	407.625	835.265	32.946.806	73.602.421
Long-term financial liabilities	142.168.519	219.792.531	13.669.403	28.009.973	28.384.481	276.186.985
Other non-current liabilities and financial liabilities (Note 21)	-	-	-	-	44.837	44.837
	264.618.643	409.100.422	48.071.982	98.504.299	85.821.556	593.426.277
Net foreign currency position	(216.258.013)	(334.334.888)	(37.060.964)	(75.941.621)	(54.961.675)	(465.238.184)

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(iv) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk of USD, Euro and CHF.

30 September 2011	Profit/Loss	
	Foreign currency appreciation	Foreign currency depreciation
If the US dollar had changed by 10% against the TL		
USD net (liabilities)/assets	(47.046.301)	47.046.301
Hedging amount of USD	-	-
USD net effect on (loss)/income	(47.046.301)	47.046.301
If the EUR had changed by 10% against the TL		
Euro net (liabilities)/assets	(5.539.355)	5.539.355
Hedging amount of Euro	-	-
Euro net effect on (loss)/income	(5.539.355)	5.539.355
If the CHF had changed by 10% against the TL		
CHF denominated net (liabilities)/assets	(4.373.012)	4.373.012
Hedging amount of CHF	-	-
CHF net effect on (loss)/income	(4.373.012)	4.373.012
31 December 2010	Profit/Loss	
	Foreign currency appreciation	Foreign currency depreciation
If the US dollar had changed by 10% against the TL		
USD net (liabilities)/assets	(33.304.243)	33.304.243
Hedging amount of USD	-	-
USD net effect on (loss)/income	(33.304.243)	33.304.243
If the EUR had changed by 10% against the TL		
Euro net (liabilities)/assets	(6.863.492)	6.863.492
Hedging amount of Euro	-	-
Euro net effect on (loss)/income	(6.863.492)	6.863.492
If the CHF had changed by 10% against the TL		
CHF denominated net (liabilities)/assets	(5.496.167)	5.496.167
Hedging amount of CHF	-	-
CHF net effect on (loss)/income	(5.496.167)	5.496.167

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

33.2 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realise in a current market exchange

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value:

(i) Monetary assets

The fair value of the balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated by using the exchange rates prevailing at year-end, is considered to approximate carrying value.

The fair values of certain financial assets carried at cost where the fair values cannot be measured reliably, including cash and cash equivalents, are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature and is negligible impairment risk of the receivables.

The carrying value of trade receivables measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment are assumed to approximate their fair values.

(ii) Monetary liabilities

The carrying values of trade payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The carrying values of borrowings (Note 7), trade payables to suppliers (Note 7) and other long term financial liabilities (Note 8) approximate their carrying values as the effect of the discounting is not material.

33.3 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in and to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders in accordance with the CMB regulations, issue new shares or sell assets to decrease borrowing. There are covenants related with the bank borrowings stated in Note 7 which the Group has to fulfill net debt/equity ratio as stated in the contracts' of the related bank borrowings.

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NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

33.4 Capital risk management (Continued)

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined and grouped as follows:

- Level 1: the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices;
- Level 2: the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions; and
- Level 3: the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities where there is no observable market data. The fair value of derivative instruments, are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, estimate is made based on discounted cash flow analysis using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives.

Level classification of financial assets and liabilities that are valued with its fair values are as follows:

	30 September 2011	Fair value as of reporting date		
		Level 1 TL	Level 2 TL	Level 3 TL
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Trading derivatives	2.258.972	-	2.258.972	-
Other financial liabilities				
	2.258.972	-	2.258.972	-

NOTE 34 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Financial statements prepared for the period ended 30 September 2011 were approved by Board of Directors on 3 November 2011. Other than the Board of Directors, no authority can change the financial statements.

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NOTE 35 - CASH FLOWS

The details of changes in operating assets and liabilities at consolidated statement of cash flow for the periods ended at 30 September are as follows:

	30 September 2011	30 September 2010
Change in blocked deposits and time deposits	(50.740)	(14.376.473)
Change in trade receivables and due from related parties	(49.114.490)	(7.365.707)
Change in inventories	(350.049)	1.816.381
Change in assets held for sale	289.712	-
Change in other current assets	(7.124.763)	948.324
Change in trade payables and due to related parties	2.087.352	(9.806.691)
Change in other current liabilities	13.517.629	12.594.874
Change in financial liabilities	17.016.640	(6.735.756)
Change in other non-current assets	9.859.461	693.815
	(13.869.248)	(22.231.233)